Newport Daily News.

WAGON DELIVERIES ON 40 MILES OF ADJACENT COUNTRY ROADS.

ESTABLISHED 1846. NEWPORT, R. I., WEDNESDAY, APRIL 21, 1897. PRICE TWO CENTS.

GEO. E. VERNON & CO.,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

Modern and Antique

FURNITURE.

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English Silver.

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91 John Street, Newport, R. I.

POWELL'S

COUGH SYRUP,

Excellent for coughs and colds.

FRANK L. POWELL,

CORNER THAMES AND PELHAM STREETS.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

OLD SILVER,

China, Cut Glass, Sheffield Plate,

Inlaid Sideboards, Extension Tables,

Side Tables, Chippendale Chairs.

A FINE COLLECTION OF

Old ENGRAVED PEWTER,

Hall Clock, Mirrors, Dressing Tables and Bureaus, fine Old Dutch and English Carved Furniture.

—AT—

BURLINGHAM'S ART ROOMS,

83 MILL STREET.

EMPERORS EMBRACE.

Kaiser William the Guest of the Austrian Ruler.

VIENNA, April 21.—Emperor William of Germany arrived here at 11 o'clock this morning and was welcomed at the railroad station by Emperor Francis Joseph and all the Austrian archdukes. A guard of honor was drawn up on the platform of the railroad station. The emperors embraced each other repeatedly and Emperor William cordially greeted the archdukes. After the imperial suites had been presented to each other the emperors drove to the palace, amid the cheers of the crowds of people lining the route.

REFUSED TO PAY.

Vermont Town Objects to Abolishing a Grade Crossing.

ST. JOHNSBURY, Vt., April 21.—The state railroad commission was in session here last evening, and the session continues today, relative to the abolishment of a grade crossing on the Boston & Maine railroad in the town of Barnet. Some time ago the commission ordered the crossing abolished and assessed a part of the cost of an overhead crossing on the town of Barnet. The town refused to obey the orders of the commission, and the town officials were summoned before the board here to give the reasons for their refusal. This is a test case, as there are similar ones pending in other parts of the state.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

New York, April 20, August Korff, from Rotterdam.

New York, April 20, Hindoo, from Hull.

New York, April 20, Manitoba, from London.

New York, April 20, Nomadic, from Liverpool.

Antwerp, April 20, La Campine, from New York.

London, April 20, Olbers, from New York.

Liverpool, April 20, Kansas, from Boston.

Liverpool, April 20, Victoria, from Boston.

Moville, April 20, Furnessia, from New York.

Brought a Big Cargo on Her Maiden Voyage.

BOSTON, April 21.—British steamer Oriel, Captain Maddrell, reached port early this morning from London, after completing her maiden passage across the Atlantic. The Oriel was launched at Newcastle-on-Tyne last February, and is a modern cargo boat in every particular. The Oriel has a cargo of about five thousand tons of miscellaneous merchandise, one item on the manifest being ten thousand bales of wool, which is said to be the largest shipment ever brought here by a single steamer.

MATTING ANNOUNCEMENT.

While it is assured that a duty will be imposed on Straw Matting in the proposed new Tariff Bill---the carpet manufacturers ask for 10 cents per square yard--- we will give our customers the benefit of the low prices now prevailing on all goods in stock and arriving for this Spring's trade.

It will pay you to visit our warerooms before purchasing your mattings.

Prices from 12 1-2 cents per yard up.

A. C. TITUS COMPANY.

AFTER EASTER

Mr. Crandall Will Attend to the Piano Tuning Orders

that have accumulated in the last few weeks, as near as possible in the order in which they were received, and will be able to attend to new orders. We regret that we were obliged to refuse so many customers this past winter. It was from necessity, not choice. We think it the greatest compliment that could be given us, the long list of orders that awaits Mr. Crandall now that the Trinity Church organ is completed, and we thank our customers most sincerely for their courtesy and patience.

CRANDALL'S MUSIC STORE, 261 Thames St.

KELLEY'S MOTHER PROSTRATED.

Talks of Her Son's Insanity, Due to a Fall When a Child.

AMESBURY, Mass., April 21.—The news of her son's arrest and subsequent confession of guilt as the murderer of Cashier Stickney of the Great Falls National Bank of Somersworth, N. H., has prostrated the mother of Joseph E. Kelley, and this morning she was seriously ill. In fact, her condition is such that Mr. Kelley has abandoned his plan to go to Somersworth at once, and will now remain with his wife until she is much better.

Since yesterday there has been much talk about Kelley's probable insanity and many references have been heard to the fall which he sustained when a child, the facts of which have been recalled since the first intimation of Kelley's possible connection with the murder. It is pointed out that the theory of mental unsoundness is the only one consistent with the many strange acts he has committed since he was a boy. It is expected that this will be urged as extenuation for the crime when Kelley comes before the courts.

MONTREAL, April 21.—Kelley will be taken before an extradition commissioner this afternoon. He will plead guilty to murder, and probably go home tonight.

DIED TO SAVE THE BOY.

Chicago Lad and His Would-Be Rescuer Perish in a Burning Building.

CHICAGO, April 21.—Two lives were lost and three buildings partially destroyed by a fire which broke out this morning in a building at 1256 Ashland avenue. The flames spread so rapidly that many of the occupants were forced to jump from the windows, while others were taken down ladders. The dead are John McCleash and John Coyne. The bodies of both were but slightly burned. Coyne, who was but thirteen years old, was found tightly clasped in the arms of McCleash, who had evidently perished in an effort to save the life of the boy. The origin of the fire is unknown. The loss is about $3,000.

To be Run Full Time After This Week.

SUNCOOK, N. H., April 21.—The China, Webster and Pembroke cotton mills will close tonight for the remainder of the week. They will resume operations next Monday, and will probably run on full time. For the last three months these mills have been running only about three-fourths time, and this has made a great reduction in the pay roll and also in the amount of money around town. The company has been constantly making repairs in the mills and is now changing the boilers of the Webster mill for more modern and powerful ones.

ON ITS WAY HOME.

Body of Maine's Dead Congressman Passes Through Boston.

BOSTON, April 21.—A sad and unusual sight was looked upon by the crowd of people in the Park Square station this morning, when the train from Washington arrived at 7 o'clock, bearing the body of Congressman Seth L. Milliken of Maine, and the small funeral party that accompanied it on the last journey from the national capital to Belfast. Soon after the train stopped, the heavy quartered oak box which contained the casket was taken from the express car, placed on a truck and wheeled through a throng of spectators, who stood all the while uncovered, to the undertaker's wagon, in which it was taken to the Union station and placed in a car of the Portland express, which goes over the eastern division.

In the funeral party were Senators Hale of Maine, Gallinger of New Hampshire and Carter of Montana; Congressmen Terry, Arkansas; Shannon, New York city; Skinner, North Carolina; Hilborn, California; Hicks, Pennsylvania; Weymouth, Massachusetts; Dinsmore, Arkansas; Congressman and Mrs. Stollings of Alabama, J. B. Graff of Illinois, Sergeant-at-arms Pierce and his assistant, Joseph L. White, who is also cashier of the House; Thomas S. Hopkins, department commander of the Grand Army of the Republic of the division of the District of Columbia; N. Myron and Frank Milliken, two brothers of the dead Congressman; Mrs. Milliken and her son, Seth M. Milliken, a West Point cadet. The special car was transferred to the Union station, where it was attached to the rear of the train for the east, and at 5 o'clock the party proceeded on the journey to Maine.

JAMESTOWN.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

Newport County Pomona Grange, No. 4, met with the members of Conanicut Grange yesterday, with Overseer Lionel H. Peabody, presiding. The meeting opened with an address of welcome by Mr. Thomas H. Clarke of Jamestown. George Howland was installed as chaplain by Messrs Lionel H. Peabody and Charles H. Potter. Favorable reports of the subordinate granges were given by the delegates present, which was followed by an interesting discussion on "Co-operation." The lecturer's hour was pleasantly passed with readings by Mrs. Alvin Peckham, Mrs. Charles H. Potter and Deputy George E. Sisson, recitations by Mrs. George Perry and Mrs. George Carr, and a vocal duet, "The Fisher's Child," by Mr. and Mrs. Herman Peckham.

Thirty seven were present from Nonquit, Aquidneck and Portsmouth granges.

It was voted to meet with the members of Portsmouth Grange, the third Tuesday in June.

A vote of thanks was extended to the members of Conanicut Grange for the entertainment and welcome received.

Second Edition.

KING GEORGE TALKS.

Did His Utmost to Preserve the Peace.

Greece Understands She Must Win or Disappear.

PARIS, April 21.—The correspondent of La Journal at Athens had an interview with King George of Greece at the palace yesterday. His Majesty is quoted as saying he believed to the last moment that peace would be maintained, and did his utmost to bring about a pacific solution of the matters in dispute. The king denied that Greece commenced hostilities against Turkey, and argued that Turkey was not compelled to go to war because of the incursion of a few insurgents whom nobody could have restrained.

Continuing, King George said: "The truth is we were attacked because Turkey was ordered to attack us. There never would have been war but for certain intrigues which will appear later. All the powers are more or less against us. If they wanted war, they got it. Such is the result of the European concert. Europe must understand that after forcing us to war there can be no question of limiting it. Our fleet is destined to take an important part, as will be soon learned. Greece understands that she must either be victorious or disappear. The war may be prolonged and bloody; it is now too late to stop. A great crime has been committed against right and humanity in the Cretan question, and the chastisement has now commenced."

Watching for the Greek Fleet.

SALONICA, April 21.—Lookouts have been stationed on all the prominent headlands and points of vantage overlooking the bay, with instructions to immediately report the entrance of the Greek fleet. The harbor has been thoroughly mined, a number of torpedo boats have been stationed in well selected places, the entrance of the harbor from Cape Kara to the mainland of Macedonia is strung with torpedoes, and large quantities of ammunition have been sent to all the battalions. There are rumors that a Turkish fleet had left the Dardanelles for this place, and that it will give battle to the Greek fleet in the bay. A number of Greek irregulars who were brought here as prisoners, having been captured at Deniir Hissar, were found to have quantities of explosives in their possession.

SALONICA, April 21.—It is rumored here that the Turks have captured Larissa. The report should be accepted with reserve, as no news has been received tending to confirm it.

ATHENS, April 21, 1:00 p. m. It is reported that the eastern squadron of the Greek fleet is bombarding Platomona, on the west side of the Gulf of Salonica.

Points Commanding the Plains of Larissa Carried.

LONDON, April 21.—A dispatch from Constantinople, received at the Turkish legation here last evening, announced that the village of Kriechora, in Greek territory, had been occupied by the Turks, and that the Turkish division, commanded by Nechat Pasha, operating against Tirnavo and Larissa, has carried all the positions commanding the plain of Larissa. At Kriechora and at Badji the Turks captured many prisoners and quantities of arms and ammunition. The Greeks who were defeated in the Milouna pass are reported to have fled in a westerly direction, and also towards Larissa.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—The Turkish legation has received an official despatch, sent from Constantinople at an early hour this morning, as follows: The village of Kriechora has been occupied by the Imperial troops. The division of Nechat Pasha fought until 11:30 o'clock last evening, and took possession of all points commanding the plains of Larissa except a hillock, which owing to the advanced hour has remained in the hands of the Greeks, but this point also is surrounded from three sides, and exposed to the fire of the Turkish guns cannot but fall soon into the power of the Turkish army. In these quarters and at Badji twelve prisoners and a great quantity of munitions of war have been taken. The Greeks who were defeated at Milouna Pass fled to Larissa.

The difference in time between Constantinople and Washington (about seven hours) accounts for the receipt of the despatch sent from Constantinople. It was sent about 9 a. m. Constantinople time.

Turks Surprised by the Greeks' Stubborn Defense.

CONSTANTINOPE, April 21. (Delayed in transmission)—The Turkish authorities here admit that the losses of the Ottoman troops since the outbreak of war with Greece have been considerable. The Turkish commanders expected a fairly easy march to Larissa and did not anticipate the stubborn defense and desperate valor with which the Greeks have opposed the invasion.

Izzel Bey, the confidential adviser of the sultan, has been disgraced, owing to his opposition to war with Greece and his action in proposing that the sultan should negotiate directly with Greece for the purpose of bringing about an amicable settlement of matters in dispute between the Greeks and Turks.

While France is protecting the Greek Catholics in the Turkish empire, Great Britain has undertaken to protect the orthodox Greeks during the suspension of diplomatic relations between Greece and Turkey.

ATHENS, April 21.—Greek ironclad Spetzia, which has been taking part in the bombardment of the Turkish fortifications at Pre-

CONTINUED ON FIFTH PAGE.

If you want clothes for spring and summer for which you are willing to pay a moderate and reasonable price—no gold dollars for 50 cents—go to

COMMERFORD,

230 Thames Street, Cor. Market Square.

WHITE ENAMEL BEDSTEADS,

With Springs, from $3.50 up.

Rattan Chairs

And ROCKERS, from $1.25 up.

Turkish Rugs, 9x12, $30 each.

Smyrna Rugs, 9x12, $16 each.

Gustave Hamilton, Over 204 Thames St.

E. W. LAWTON'S CARPET ROOM.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Important Measures Introduced and Acted Upon.

[Special despatch to the News.]

PROVIDENCE, April 21.—Both branches of the General Assembly held short sessions this morning. In the senate Lieutenant Governor Allen presided in the absence of Governor Lippitt.

The judiciary committee reported back an amendment to the fisheries law, changing the time for prosecution from twelve to six months. It was laid over until tomorrow.

The committee also reported an amendment to the law in relation to the registration of deaths, providing that in case of sudden death when no physician has been present the town clerk is authorized to order any physician in the place to give a certificate. This was passed.

From the house was received a resolution authorizing the adoption of Isabella Redwood Yardley by Sarah C. Noolsey of Newport. Referred to the judiciary committee.

In the house the committee on militia reported a bill appropriating $2,100 for repairs to the armories in Providence and Woonsocket and for lockers in others. Referred to the committee on finance.

Mr. Blodgett introduced an act forbidding the circulation of obscene literature, pictures or objects, under a penalty of imprisonment for two years and a fine of not less than $100 or more than $1,000, one half the fine to go to the informer. Referred to the committee on judiciary.

Mr. Gray introduced an act which provides for the punishment of any one who attempts to break into a building and does not succeed. This is not now covered by the law. In this bill a penalty of imprisonment not exceeding ten years is provided for such an attempt on a dwelling, and a fine of not more than $200 or imprisonment for not more than two years in the case of a school, shop or other building than a dwelling. Referred to the judiciary committee.

From the calendar was called the act prohibiting the employment of children under sixteen years of age as freaks or for show purposes. There was some objection to hasty action in this case, and it was made the special order for Thursday at 11:45 a. m.

Jumped from a Carriage and Was Killed by a Train.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., April 21.—Edward Lee, 31 years old, was killed by an airline division train near Rock Falls late last night. He jumped from a carriage in which he was riding and landed in front of the engine. Ernest Cole, his companion, remained in the carriage and was unharmed.

Gunboat Annapolis Off Southport.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., April 21.—The new United States gunboat Annapolis has been sighted off Southport, headed this way. She is expected to reach this city this afternoon. None of the trial board have put in an appearance in this city as yet.

HALL & LYON CO., DRUGGISTS.

We make some things ourselves, because we can make 'em better or cheaper, or both, than we can buy 'em.

We make nothing for glory or fun; and any sort of pretense is out of our line. There isn't a ghost of a trick in our business.

TRY THE CELEBRATED

Rainmakers Cigar, 5c.

A FULL LINE OF

Foreign and Domestic Cigars, Pipes, Snuff, etc.

IRA W. WILBOR, JR., & CO.,

148 Thames Street, Newport, R. I.

The Robinson,

CATHERINE STREET,

Will open for the season 1897, Saturday, April 10.

MRS. M. J. ROBINSON, Owner and Manager.

Spring top coats ready for immediate wear, cut short and loose hanging—strap seams—from the new shades in covert cloths. All with that correct set of collar, shoulder, hang of sleeves and general finish, at $10, $12 and $15.

Newport One Price Clothing Co.,

Leading Clothiers, Hatters and Outfitters,

208 THAMES STREET, 208

EASTER EGGS.

DIAMOND CREAMERY BUTTER,

25c. a pound.

BROWN'S MARKET.

THE BEE HIVE.

OPENING

—OF—

Shirt Waists!

Our stock of shirt waists, consisting of cambric, lawn and dimity, is now ready for inspection. The styles are exclusively controlled by us in this city. The variety is large, but of no single style have we a large lot, thus avoiding particular kinds becoming too common. All the newest effects are here. All the latest improvements are represented in every kind, ranging in price from 50c. to $2.25 each. This is a good time to make a selection.

CHIFFON in black, white, cream, nile, lilac, blue, pink and yellow, at former low prices notwithstanding the advance in the market.

PLAITED CHIFFON in all desirable widths.

TAFFETA AND FANCY RIBBON in all widths and all the new shades, at lowest prices in this city.

TAFFETA SILK GLOVES in the best quality—black, tan, mode and slate, at 25c., 38c., and 50c. a pair.

DRESDEN SUMMER CORSETS, very pretty and strong, at only 50c. a pair.

VELVETEEN SKIRT FACING in all shades to match dresses, 5 yard pieces at 13c. a piece.

Pure Glycerine and other fine TOILET SOAPS, three cakes for 10c.

300 boxes of Linen PAPER AND ENVELOPES at 17c. a box; usual price 25c.

100 dozen Ladies' fine Cotton HOSE, Hermsdorf dye, usual price 25c., at 17c. a pair, or 3 pairs for 50c.

25 dozen Men's fast black Seamless HOSE at 10c. a pair; usual price 15c.

Leather Belts, all the new styles in all colors, at 19c., 25c., 37c., 50c., and 62c., each.

25 dozen full-size DAMASK TOWELS, never sold under 25c., at 19c. each.

New Gold DRAPERY in beautiful designs, 36 inches wide, at 15c. a yard. SILK FRINGES to match, 12c. a yard.

5,000 Paper Covered NOVELS, by the best and all the well known authors, printed in clear type on good paper, at 5c. each.

Hess & Co.

APRIL 12, 1897.

FURNITURE AT BARGAIN!

1 White Delft Table at $4; reduced from $7.

1 Exquisite Bird's Eye Maple Sofa at $19 only.

1 Cherry Corner Cabinet at $9.

2 Solid Mahogany Upholstered and Inlaid Chairs at $12 only.

1 Exquisite Mahogany Desk at $19 only; worth $35.

1 Cherry Music Cabinet at $9 only.

1 Nile Green Table at $2.50; reduced from $4.50.

1 Oak Combination Desk and Book Case at $15 only.

1 Curly Birch Dressing Table at $14 only.

KAZANJIAN & CO., - - Kazanjian Building.

☞ We are closing out our entire business.

This Morning's News.

TURKISH SUCCESSES.

Milouna Pass Taken from the Greeks by Brilliant Fighting.

[Copyright, 1897, by the Associated Press.]

Summit of the Milouna pass, Monday morning, April 19.—The Turkish victory of yesterday in the Milouna pass was complete. The enemy retired to the plain of Thessaly, leaving only a rear-guard on a hill, from which it was driven later by four battalions of Turkish infantry.

The Turks pulled up to the top of the hill three mountain batteries, singing, laughing and weeping with joy, like children. One battery opened fire upon the Greeks, who were retreating on the plain of Tiaves, and did terrible execution. The correspondent of the Associated Press saw some of the Turkish shells burst in the middle of a serried battalion of Greeks, with the result that whole groups were killed or wounded. Yesterday evening seven new Turkish battalions and several mounted batteries of artillery left for the front, and at dawn the latter were trained on the Greek blockhouse on the plain below.

Junes Effendi, the Turkish commander, and his men had been twenty-six hours without food or drink. When they were preparing to capture the Greek blockhouse, Junes said to his soldiers: "All those who love God must advance to the assault."

This was enough. Every man, with loud exultant shouts, dashed forward in the direction of the blockhouse. Even the muleteers, who were bringing up the reserve ammunition, joined in the assault on the blockhouse, which was held by the Greeks with magnificent courage. The Turks, with splendid dash, charged with the bayonet and eventually leaped over the ramparts with shouts of triumph. The Greeks waited until the Turks were within thirty yards before withdrawing. In this assault the Turks had only sixteen men killed and seventeen wounded.

Everywhere was to be seen the effect of the Turkish artillery. Their terrible shells burst just at the calculated moment. The Greeks, on the other hand, appeared to be lacking in artillery. The Greeks attempted to reply to the Turkish artillery, but they were eventually forced to retire.

The correspondent saw numberless Greek bodies stripped of their uniforms by the Greeks, leaving only their shirts and drawers on. Most of the dead, however, were carried off by the Turks, who raised the corpses of the Greeks reverently and placed them beneath the shade of trees. The Turkish losses in the fighting of yesterday were only fifty killed and one hundred and fifty wounded.

ATHENS, April 20.—Prince Constantine has returned to Larissa from Gritzovali, where he witnessed some severe fighting. The Greek reverse at that place was due to the fact that General Mastropas, who is in command of the Greek artillery, misunderstood Prince Constantine's orders and ordered a retreat of the Greek forces. The Turks thereupon advanced and soon occupied Gritzovali, pursuing the retreating Greeks, killing a few and wounding two hundred of them.

General Mastropas's brigade later rallied and made a stand. In the meantime Prince Constantine hurried re-inforcements forward to the assistance of General Mastropas, and General Smolentiz, formerly Greek minister for war, succeeded in forcing the enemy back. Prince Constantine has severely censured General Mastropas for his blunder.

A despatch received from Cairo Egypt, says that at the request of the Turkish government the Egyptian government has handed the Greek diplomatic agent, M. J. Gryparis, his passports, and has ordered all Greeks to leave Egypt within a fortnight.

KELLEY'S CONFESSION.

Committed the Somersworth Murder and Robbery Alone.

MONTREAL, April 20.—It is now quite clear that Joseph Kelley was romancing in what he told the detectives here when he was arrested last night. Early this morning Chief Detective Carpenter called Kelley into his office, and after some conversation the prisoner frankly confessed that all he had said the night before was false. He owned, without being pressed, that he alone, without the aid of an accomplice, did Mr. Stickney to death. He said that he had been planning the robbery for some time. On the Thursday previous to the murder he went to the bank to carry out his plans, but was prevented by the presence of a lady. Friday he wrapped an old overcoat in paper, with the intention of asking Stickney to have the parcel put in the bank's vault. When he reached the bank Kelley tried to open the screen door and was met by the cashier, who asked him what he wanted. His reply was to force open the door, whereupon Stickney called for help. Kelley hit him on the head with a jimmy, knocking him insensible. "Then," he calmly proceeded, "I drew a razor and cut Mr. Stickney's throat."

He proceeded to ransack the safe, oblivious of the horror upon the floor, putting all the money he could find into a pillow case. He carried the spoils to an orchard and hid them, returning unconcernedly to his boarding-house to partake of dinner. After dinner he paid his landlady $20 which he owed her, placed the pillow case containing the money into a dress suit case and drove to Milton. He threw the razor away in the orchard. He hitched his horse outside the village and called at the house of farmer Jones, about a quarter of a mile from the village proper. He asked Miss Jones if her father was at home, saying he wished to put up his team for a couple of days. After further chat with Miss Jones he went to the store of John Mason and purchased a light spring overcoat and slate-colored derby hat. He then drove to Chamberlain's livery stable and put up his horses, telling Mr. Chamberlain that he was going by train to Sanbornville, about ten miles away. He promised to return in three days. He took the Boston & Maine train without purchasing a ticket, getting on the rear platform. The conductor did not discover him till Union was reached. At Sanbornville, he says, he got off and took the next train for Cookshire Junction, Quebec, coming into Montreal Junction on the Halifax express. "After I saw Mr. Stickney dead," he broke in here, "I felt sorry, but an hour after I did not feel nervous about it."

Near Cookshire he sorted over his money, placing the gold in a separate pocket from the paper. The silver he left in the dress suit case.

From the description given by Kelley Mr. Carpenter concluded he had hidden the dress suit case at Vaudreuil or St. Polycarpe Junction, and at once hurried Kelley aboard the early train. Kelley was not sure of Vaudreuil, but quickly recognized St. Polycarpe. After walking along the Canadian Pacific tracks for a distance of about five hundred yards a bag containing $810 was found in a covered culvert, where Kelley had thrown it on Saturday. The dress suit case was found in the middle of a ploughed field about one hundred and fifty yards from the railway track.

Kelley stated that after leaving St. Polycarpe he had walked to St. Justine de Newton through a pouring rain, and after having taken several drinks in a saloon he proceeded to Berard's Hotel, where he remained until the Canadian Pacific express came along, boarding it for Montreal.

How he was found here was told yesterday. He claimed that he bought the woman's garb he wore when he reached Montreal from a woman in St. Justine for $15. There is still some $500 unaccounted for. Kelley stated tonight that he felt relieved after having made his confession.

LIBERALS WIN IN NOVA SCOTIA.

Carried All the Large Cities in Yesterday's Election.

HALIFAX, Nova Scotia, April 20.—The elections throughout Nova Scotia today resulted in the most overwhelming defeat for the Conservative party. Out of a house of 38, the opposition succeeded in electing but three members--one in Pictou, one in Colchester and one in Hants county. Not only did the Liberals return every member of the government, but they carried the entire island of Cape Breton, with its eight members, many of the counties by very large majorities. Even in Queen's where the Liberals were divided on the two tickets of the party, the government men were returned.

In Halifax city, where in the last two previous contests the P. P. A. succeeded in preventing the return of the Catholic candidate, the straight tickets were elected by a tremendous majority. The leader of the opposition was among the slain. The only Prohibitionist in the field is among the fallen.

The Liberals carried their tickets in Annapolis, Antigonish, Cape Breton, Cumberland, Digby, Guysboro, Halifax, Inverness, Kings, Lunenburg, Queens, Richmond, Shelburne, Victoria and Yarmouth, and elected one out of two in Hants and Colchester counties and two out of three in Pictou.

In the by-election in Colchester for the Dominion Parliament, the Liberals claim the seat by two majority, and the Conservatives by one majority

Practically complete returns show the election of 31 Liberals and 7 Conservatives, making the Liberals as strong in the house under Premier Murray as in the last.

The federal by-election in the county of Colchester, which was held in conjunction with the provincial election, resulted in the return of the Conservative candidate, Dr. D. H. Muir, by a majority of 60, a reduction of 117 in the Conservative majority last June.

NEARLY READY TO REPORT.

Senate Committee Will Present a Modified Tariff Bill.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—The presence on the floor of the Senate today of the members of the Republican sub-committee of the Senate finance committee which is engaged in preparing the tariff bill was made the basis of much speculation. The members of the committee were closeted for a time with Senator Vest of the Democratic side of the finance committee, and afterwards held individual conferences with other Senators on both sides of the chamber. The committee is approaching the end of its labors, and various Senators who are making persistent demands for changes were called upon with a view to arriving at an understanding. Among the problems which are yet unsettled are those relating to sugar, lead ore and wool. Some Senators have manifested a disposition to hold out persistently for certain modifications of the schedules, referring to these and other articles. The members of the committee, while not indicating their own position or that of the committee, have thought it well to talk over these matters with the complaining Senators. They are anxious to bring in a bill that will command the united support of the Republican party and that will be sure to become a law. They think they will succeed, but beyond this they said little, except that they expect to report the bill to the full committee some time next week. The committee takes especial pride in keeping its work private, and says that none of the changes will be announced until all are given to the public.

Members of the committee told their colleagues that many reductions have been made from beginning to end of the bill, because of the belief on the part of the committee that some of the House rates would be practically prohibitive. They have listened patiently to advocates of increases, but have granted but few requests.

One of the members said today that the bill would be a revenue bill and not a prohibitive bill. The committee has practically agreed upon a modification of the retroactive clause of the Dingley bill which, it is hoped, will be satisfactory to the opponents of the House provision. The wool men are still pressing for radical changes. The wool growers are not satisfied with the rates of the Mantle amendment, but want a complete change of classification, and still insist that no wools shall be admitted for less than eight cents a pound. While some changes are probable in this schedule, it is quite certain that these demands will not be entirely met.

HUNTER WILL WITHDRAW.

Kentucky's Senatorial Contest May be Shortly Settled.

FRANKFORT, Ky., April 20.—Another fruitless ballot for United States Senator was taken in the legislature today. It is settled now that Dr. Hunter, who has been the Republican candidate, will withdraw. He announced today that he should not prolong his fight for the Senatorship "beyond a reasonable time." It is believed that he will be out of the race tomorrow.

Who his successor will be has not been decided. The choice seems to lie between Judge Holt and Senator Debee, the latter apparently having the best chance. Mr. Hager, the new Democratic Senator, has arrived, and Senator Ogilvie, the sick Democrat, also came back today. This makes the Senate full for the first time this session, with 68 Democrats and 70 Republicans in a joint session, and 70 once more necessary to a choice. This is given by Hunter as his reason for withdrawing.

The Bell-Crumbaugh contest will come up. Should the Democrat, Bell, be seated, the strict party vote would be a tie, 69 and 69, just as it stood during the memorable session last winter. This would give the Blackburn people a fighting chance.

ANOTHER POLAR EXPEDITION.

Lieutenant Peary Confident It Will be the Most Successful Yet.

Civil Engineer R. E. Peary confirms the report that his orders to the San Francisco navy yard were revoked in order to allow him to superintend the preparations for another expedition to the polar regions. He says that the funds necessary for the enterprise have been raised, and that thus the greatest obstacle in the way of sending an expedition is overcome. All the details of the trip have been arranged in outline, and Lieutenant Peary is confident that this trip will be the most successful of its kind ever made. The main expedition will last from two to ten years, and will be limited only by the time necessary to insure the complete success of the expedition. Sufficient funds have been pledged to support an Arctic party for any length of time less than ten years.

Lieutenant Peary is supported by the American Geographical Society, which last winter endorsed his plan for reaching the north pole, and March 6 passed a unanimous resolution to contribute toward a fund for the expedition. Lieutenant Peary, in the original plan which he set before the Geographical Society, said that he proposed to keep at work for ten years, if necessary, but he thinks that the work can be accomplished in four or five years, and, if the conditions are favorable, in two years.

This summer's expedition will be solely a preliminary trip, taken for the purpose of arranging the necessary details for the main expedition. Several families of Esquimos will be hired to collect a supply of walrus meat and other provisions, as well as garments, and a year later, in the summer of 1898, the expedition will sail north as far as possible, establishing a colony at the northernmost point reached. In the following months, or, it may be, years, land expeditions will be sent from this colony in the direction of the pole.

THE MATURE BELLE.

The ruling woman of the present day is the mature woman. The maiden of bashful fifteen, the bud of eighteen, the clear-eyed girl of twenty, all must stand aside for their older sister, who leads the procession. The age at which women are supposed to exercise their greatest charm varies with the varying of fashion and taste. In the Elizabethan era it was fourteen. Other heroines as celebrated in their day and generation as Juliet were the instigators of tragic loves and hates at that extremely juvenile age. Half a century ago Balzac astonished his countrymen by claiming unusual powers of fascination for the woman of thirty. Ever since she has held the stage as an incarnation of coquettish attraction. At the present day the period of beauty and charm has been extended even further. Balzac's thirty has received an additional ten years. Women of forty are no longer looked upon as ruins in which the antiquarian may trace relics of bygone splendor. With the vanishing of the term "old maid," the old maid herself has withdrawn into the place of departed spirits. In France an unmarried girl of over twenty-five is looked upon as dead stock, for which there is nothing but a convent. Today, in the United States, women of independent means, women of society, women who are self-supporting, rarely marry under twenty-five, and generally put off that episode in their existence to five or ten years later.

There are many reasons for the present vogue of the mature belle. She is more attractive, understands human nature better, than her younger sister. She is still good looking. Her youth lasts longer than it used to, because she has learned how to take care of herself. American women formerly ruined their beauty by bad diet, no exercise and too little fresh air. Now they know better. A healthy, well groomed woman, who is not overworked or over-worried, looks about the same age at forty as she did at twenty-five. With her additional years has come additional wisdom. If she has not the engaging simplicity that was hers at eighteen, she has a knowledge of men and manners which makes her a more interesting companion, a more lovable human being. Experience has given her the gift of sympathy, of which the young girl feels nothing. To men she has come to represent not only all that is gracious and tactful in womanhood, but all that is broad and tender and feminine.

Among working women—from the artistic to the plain working woman—the mature ones are naturally in the ascendant. The young girl among the workers is the novice whom no one knows or cares much about. It is when the years of endeavor have been passed, and mind and heart have reached their fullest powers of comprehension and feeling, that she is at the pinnacle of her development. In these days of hurry and pressure and intensity of effort, such a creature naturally takes precedence over the untried girl who is waiting with expectant eyes for the message of the future. Existence is too full, the struggle too serious, for the return of those days when youth, ignorance, beauty and folly were the great requisites of women. The times are stirring, the pressure of existence desperately earnest, and man in his struggle demands a helpmate who can assist him onward, not draw him back. Chivalry, in its downfall, carried away many pretty myths, the prettiest the myth of the child-wife, hanging, frightened and faint-hearted, on her husband's arm.—[San Francisco Argonaut.

$3,400.00 CASH AND PRIZES GIVEN FREE EACH MONTH FOR Sunlight SOAP WRAPPERS

As follows:

4 First Prizes, each of $100 Cash - - - $ 400.00
20 Second " " " $100 PEERLESS BICYCLES 2,000.00
40 Third " " " $ 25 Gold Watches - 1,000.00
Cash and Prizes given each month - - $3,400.00
12
Total given during 12 mos. 1897, $40,800.00

HOW TO OBTAIN THEM.

Competitors to save as many SUNLIGHT SOAP Wrappers as they can collect. Cut off the top portion of each wrapper, that portion containing the wording "SUNLIGHT SOAP." These (called "Coupons") are to be sent, postage fully paid, enclosed with a sheet of paper stating Competitor's full name and address and the number of Coupons sent in to Lever Bros., Ltd., New York, marked on outside Wrapper (left hand corner) with NUMBER of the DISTRICT Competitor lives in.

SEND THIS TOP PORTION

No. of District	NAME OF DISTRICT.
1	New York City, Brooklyn, Long and Staten Islands, New Jersey.
2	New York State (outside of N. Y. City, Brooklyn, Long and Staten Islands).
3	Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, West Virginia and District of Columbia.
4	The New England States.

The Bicycles are the celebrated Pierce Superb for 1897 Patterns, built by Geo. N. Pierce & Co., of Buffalo, Boston and New York. Fitted with Hartford Tires, First Class Rider's Lamp, New Departure Bell, Standard Cyclometer, and Most Easy Saddle.

RULES.

1. Every month during 1897 in each of the 4 districts prizes will be awarded as follows:

The 1 Competitor who sends in the Largest Number of coupons from the district in which he or she resides will receive $100 Cash.

The 5 Competitors who send in the Next Largest Numbers of coupons from the district in which they reside will Each receive at winner's option a lady's or gentleman's Pierce Special bicycle, price $100.

The 10 Competitors ranking in the district in which they reside will Each receive at winner's option a lady's or gentleman's Gold Watch, price $25.

2. The Competitions will Close the Last Day of Each Month during 1897, but coupons received too late for one month's competition will be put into the next.

3. Competitors who obtain wrappers from would assign in dealer's stock will be disqualified. Employes of Lever Brothers, Ltd., and their families, are debarred from competing.

4. A printed list of Winners in Competitor's district will be forwarded to Competitors in about 21 days after each competition closes.

5. Lever Brothers, Ltd., will endeavor to award the prizes fairly to the best of their ability and judgment, but it is understood that all who compete agree to accept the award of Lever Brothers, Ltd., as final.

LEVER BROS., Ltd., New York.

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MR. A. H. LA CASSE,

Representing Stuart & La Casse, is at 28 East Bowery Street.

Their new store will open at 133 Bellevue avenue, with a complete line of

THE FINEST WHEELS EXTANT.

The 3-Ball Bearing.

"Why I never saw anything run so freely."

This is the usual comment by persons viewing it for the first time. It surprises everybody. Equipped with these bearings you have the easiest running wheel it is possible to imagine.

DON'T FAIL TO SEE IT AT

Bennett's,

SOLE AGENT.

Victor Bicycles.

The only company that will insure your life for $5,000 against accidents caused by parts of wheel being made of stampings, sheet metal or case hardened bearings, is the Overman Wheel Co.

WM. H. HENDERSON,

SUCCESSOR TO

Whitten Cycle Co.,

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Home Production

the result of skill, care, and 14 years ever-increasing experience and business success.

IVER JOHNSON CYCLES

Their equal in the points of workmanship and material is not.

Send for Catalogue.

IVER JOHNSON'S ARMS & CYCLE WORKS, FITCHBURG, MASS.

Made in New England.

Eclipse Wheel

Stands the Test.

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN TESTIMONIAL THE BALL CUPS WILL CUT GLASS.

Prices still $85 and $100 for the Eclipse all wheels.

I have on hand a few second-hand machines but little used.

G. F. D. Faverweather, Jr., Agent.

ESTABLISHED 1846.

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PELEG BRYER & SON,

SOLE AGENTS.

EGGS FOR HATCHING.

Barred Plymouth Rocks.
Light Brahma White Leghorn Cross.
White Wyandottes.
$1 per setting. $4 per 100.
Black Langshans $2 per setting.

J. R. ELINE, Indian Avenue, near Third Beach.

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"London Heads"

IN THE LATEST

PLATINUM OR GLACE EFFECTS,

—BY—

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Artists in Photography,

110 1-2 Thames Street.

Satisfaction guaranteed in every case.

A Nice Ladies' Dressing Room

Has been added, as well as extensive alterations at the

MOWREY STUDIO,

Cor. Thames and Marlboro Sts.

WE NOW HAVE

One of the Most Attractive Studios in This Section.

Open Saturday evening for the delivery of work from 7 to 8:30.

POPULAR STYLES IN PORTRAITS,

Including Water Color, Pastel, Bevis, Crayon, Platinum, Carbon and

FINEST QUALITY CARBONETTES,

Tintypes furnished at all times.

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Songs, Speeches, Solos, etc.,

With wonderful accuracy. Price only $10, including two records. Extra records, 50c. each or $4 a doz. Call and see it.

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GEO. H. OHABE, Over 201 Thames St.

(Up one flight.)

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PEPSO-NUX,

The new Remedy for Dyspepsia and Indigestion.

The only dyspepsia cure that is a tonic.

25c. and 50c. a bottle.

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Compound Ext. of Sarsaparilla,

A safe and reliable blood purifier, prepared from the best Honduras Sarsaparilla combined with Dandelion Root, Yellow Dock and Iodide of Potassium, it makes an invaluable spring medicine and highly recommended for the cure of all disorders and impurities of the blood. Sold in full sized bottles at

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Registered Pharmacist.

HAZARD, HAZARD & CO'S

THE ORIGINAL NO. 6 COLOGNE,

ALL SIZES.

Colgate & Co's Perfumes and Toilet Soaps

Prescriptions put up with care and dispatch.

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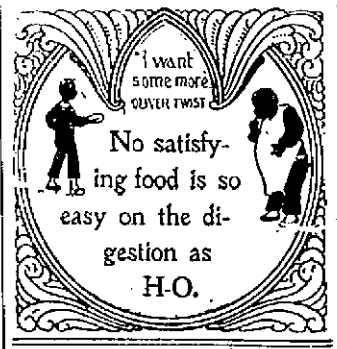

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THEY'LL STAND EXAMINATION.

Our new line of Ladies' $2 Shoes, made from fine quality of kid—linish and up-to-date style of $2.50 shoes—lace and button, all sizes and widths.

Norman, 160 Thames St.

Ladies'

TAN VICI LACE BOOTS,

Latest spring style, at $2 a pair.

Also Ladies'

DONGOLA BUTTON AND LACE,

At $2 a pair.

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Easter Offerings!

Before purchasing your Easter shoes call and see our spring styles.

Everything we have is the latest out. Goods and prices sure to please you.

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We have received our immense stock of fine SPRING GOODS.

Ladies' very fine russet, the latest style, from $1.50 up.
Men's high grade russet and vici kid, the newest style, from $1.50 up.
Great variety in misses', boys' and children's shoes.

A BARGAIN,

FARMERS' waterproof 3 sole red grain leather shoe at $3 a pair.

BICYCLE SHOES.

Pilot Shoe Store, 211 Thames Street.

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TWO BARGAINS.

72 pairs

Ladies' Fine Dongola flexible sole, $2 Boots, in button and lace, on the new cottage opera last—a fine, soft, stylish shoe,

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36 pairs.

Ladies' Vici Kid Welted $3 Boots, lace and button, two styles, elegantly made and finished throughout---an up-to-date dress boot,

TO CLOSE $2.25 A PAIR.

Standard Shoe Store,

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use shells loaded with fine blasting powder.

WHEN

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DO YOU NEED A TRUNK

OR BAG?

We have a full line and the prices are right.

A. STEVENS, 48 & 50 Spring Street.

ANNUAL MEETING.

New Officers of the Unity Club Elected for the Year.

The annual meeting of the Unity Club was held at the Channing parlors last evening, when after the reading of the reports of the various officers and committees, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

President—Dr. A. F. Squire.
Vice Presidents—Colonel John R. Leslie, George H. Bryant.
Secretary—William H. Lee.
Treasurer—Ben. G. Palmer.

The treasurer's report showed receipts of $246.28 and expenditures amounting to $226.97, leaving a balance of $19.31, with all outstanding indebtedness discharged.

The present number of members is 235.

The report of the executive committee is as follows:

The executive desire briefly to comment on the work perfected under their direction by the three managing committees during the session now terminated, and to make a few suggestions founded on the experience of the past year and of preceding years.

The literary work for 1896-7 has been excellent; but the increased difficulty felt by the culture committee in procuring readers for the subjects on the program points to the possibility of the topics selected having been too comprehensive for brief treatment, or too difficult to grapple with, for the majority of the members; or, it may be, it indicates some misapprehension on the part of some members as to the duty devolving on them, when they joined the club.

It is not desirable to extend the privilege of membership, to an unlimited extent, to those who join merely as auditors, and it will become a matter for grave consideration whether some positive pledge should not, henceforth, be exacted from new entrants, to the effect that when called upon, they will give personal aid to one of the club's three branches, its literary, social or charitable branch. In any case the number now fixed, 250, should not be exceeded.

With special reference to the main object of the club, its literary work, it seems strange that not more than a score seem ready to contribute papers out of a roll of two hundred and fifty.

As regards essays submitted, while, now and then, two papers on a "study" evening—if strictly limited to half an hour each—may be advisable, experience indicates that one paper of not more than forty-five minutes long suffices for one evening. One such paper or essay is more likely to elicit discussion and interchange of thought amongst those present.

Turning to the entertainment branch—the executive believe that the true conception of what a club should be, involves most clearly the co-operative and friendly efforts, voluntarily given, of its members on social occasions. Therefore a reversion to the old system, long in vogue in this club, would be most salutary; namely, having all items, elocutionary, musical, whether vocal or instrumental, and any other entertaining features, entirely derived from and supplied by, the members themselves. In other words, that the payment for professional or semi-professional services at our "socials" should cease. We want social gatherings, not paid-for entertainments, and if only three such "socials" a year, refreshments should certainly be served at least at two of them.

The failure this past year of a satisfactory response from the members, to raise funds for a charitable purpose, as reported by the helpfulness committee, is to be regretted. Your executive feel assured, however, that if any specific benevolent object be named, and an evening selected when no conflicting elements are in the field, an ample pecuniary response can be had, when occasion arises.

The executive have, this season, published a list of members, and sent a copy to each—the list containing full addresses of all. This had not been issued for many years, and its value is apparent.

Attendance at the various meetings contrasts as follows with the preceding session of 1895-96: The average attendance at the study meetings that session was 72; this session, 84. At the anonymous essay evening, that session 111; this session, 173. At the "socials," that session, 164; this session, 186. At public lectures that session, 175; this session, 180.

From this it appears that only about one third of the members attended the regular or "study" meetings.

In resigning their trust, the executive have pleasure in feeling that the Unity Club has during the past winter maintained its efficiency as a rallying centre for literary exercises, interspersed with a social element of good fellowship, and that it has faithfully adhered to the broad and unsectarian system of management which has characterized it for so many years.

A. O'D. TAYLOR, President.

After the election of officers the newly-elected president, Dr. A. F. Squire, took the chair and moved a vote of thanks to the retiring officials, which was unanimously given, and the session of 1896-7 of the club was formally closed.

The following is a record of the literary work during the session of 1896-97:

October 6, 1896—A public lecture by Rev. David Baruch, on "The Countries I Have Visited and People I Have Met."

October 20—Study meeting. Papers by Dr. A. F. Squire, on "The Founders of Newport," and by Dr. Frederick Bradley, on "Some Aspects of Bicycling."

November 3—Study meeting. Papers by Mr. John Henry Tilley, on "Newport from 1770 to 1775," and by Miss Taylor, on "Dialect in Modern Novels."

December 1—Study meeting. Papers by Mr. Darius Baker, on "International Boards of Arbitration," and by Miss E. H. Swinburne, on "Imagination in History."

December 15—Study meeting. Papers by Mr. George H. Bryant, on "Cuba's Relations to Spain," and by Miss Hunter, on "Winter Life in a New England Town."

December 29—Study meeting. Papers by Mr. Dudley E. Campbell, on "Cuba's Relations to the United States," and by Miss Sarah W. Ladd, on the "Educational Value of Fiction."

January 20, 1897—Study meeting. Paper by Colonel J. R. Leslie, on "Trial by Jury."

February 9—Anonymous essay evening. Subject, "Dreams." Ten essays were presented and read.

February 23—Study meeting. Paper by Mr. John Austin Stevens, on "Newport in Revolutionary Times—1775-1783."

March 9—Study meeting. Papers by Mrs. J. P. Cotton, on "A Few New Novels," and by Mr. A. O'D. Taylor, on "The Relations of a Country's Physical Features to a People's Character."

March 23—Study meeting. Paper by Dr. Henry E. Turner, on "Newport During the First Half of the Nineteenth Century."

April 6—Study meeting. Paper by Rev. J. H. MacDonald, on "The Moral Trend of Recent Fiction."

FRANK LESLIE'S POPULAR MONTHLY FOR MAY.

America has its castles as well as European countries, and those on the Hudson river have as interesting a story in a way as the famous buildings on the Rhine. John P. Ritter tells this story in a liberally illustrated article entitled "Some American Castles," in the May number of Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly. The "Fair Maids of Morocco" are pictured and described by Frederick A. Ober in the same number. Another important article is "Japan's Three Invasions of Corea," by Teiichi Yamagata, a relative of the great Japanese marquis. It is accompanied by many excellent pen-and-ink drawings of views in Japan and Corea. The attractive series of papers on "American Universities and Colleges" is continued with an article on the University of Minnesota, by John Cochrane Sweet. A well known theosophist, Marian F. Gitt, tells in an interesting way "What Theosophy Means." There are articles on "Constantinople's Streets," "The Mythical Manoa," "Cabs and Cabmen," "Two Arabian Weddings," etc., and a number of short stories, including one by the new and promising writer, John J. A'Becket. A new serial story, entitled "The Catspaw," by Frederick R. Burton, begins in this number, and its opening chapters give indications of a stirring and powerful novel. The entertaining young folks' department and the bright paragraphs of the Leslie Portfolio are continued.

FOR WHEELWOMEN.

A cycling costume with the skirt very little shorter than ordinary walking length is preferred by many women who ride but little. The costume is then suitable for walking and is a delight for sloppy weather. To be wholly satisfactory, a cycling skirt should be lined with sateen or farmers' satin when silk is found too expensive. This applies, of course, only to lining for woolen fabrics; the crashes of linen and cotton, the ducks and cotton covert cloths being unlined and finished with a

deep facing of the same. The bloomers or knickerbockers worn underneath are generally of the same fabric as the skirt.

The suit shown is of black serge, with braiding also of black. A shirt waist of any color is suitable. A hat of natural colored straw with black trimmings is of stylish shape, appropriate both for cycling and general wear.

Black costumes are easily the most elegant for city and park use. On dusty country roads they are less worn.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Whitney will sail for Europe on the Majestic May 5.

—Mrs. G. S. MacKinnon of San Francisco and H. J. Jernegan of Fall River are at Kinzler's.

—The ladies of the Woman's Exchange announce a postponement of their benefit entertainment.

—Several large wagonloads of plants, furniture and other household effects arrived at "Dythesca" today from New York.

—Mrs. Frederick Sheldon was one of the women who received at the closing meeting of the Midwinter Club in New York last night.

—Sunday trips will be resumed by the Fall River line, commencing next Sunday, April 25. The leaving time from Newport on Sundays will be 9:15 p. m., the same as on week-days. Commencing on the same date, the time for departure of steamers from New York will be changed from 5 to 5:30 p. m.

THE GORMANS IN "THE GILHOOLYS ABROAD."

The Gormans, who will appear at the Opera House Friday evening, are now on their fourth year in comedy and their third in the successful comedy, "The Gilhoolys Abroad," which they will present here. The piece has been rejuvenated, a new company, with a single exception, has been engaged, and new specialties, dances, songs and clever bits of comedy business have been introduced. The Gormans, John, James and George, are a whole show in themselves, and the others of the company are Jerome Powers, R. H. Geiger, Forest F. Russell, Percy Baum, Dollie Mestayer, Dorothy Decker, Emma Siegel, Agnes Baylies and Marie Winson. The comedy was written by James Gorman and the leading parts will be, of course, assumed by John and George Gorman, the latter as a wealthy real estate owner named "Owen Gilhooly" and the former as "Jonathan Tubbs," a legal luminary. Their parts have been created to suit them, and furnish unlimited scope for the display of their humorous talents, which have made them favorites everywhere.

POLICE NOTES.

Edward Henry ran amuck in the lower part of the city last night, and it was found necessary to arrest him on two charges, one for malicious mischief, having broken a window of the reading room on Thames street, and the other for drunkenness. He pleaded guilty to the "m m" warrant and was fined $5 and costs, which he paid, but he denied the allegations contained in the other and went to jail to await the result of a hearing on Friday.

John Dugan has been fined $5 and costs for drunkenness.

A FOUR-YEAR-OLD.

A four-year-old's a baby,
Whatever you do or say.
You may rig him out in a roundabout,
And teach him the time of day;
As his muscles grow he will bluster and blow
Till you think him an army of men;
Until short of breath, you may "love him to death,"
And declare: "He's his father again."
But, whether you will, he's a baby still,
Whatever you do or say.

A four-year-old's a baby,
Whatever you do or say.
He may run and shout, and want to play out
In the yard the livelong day;
He may put on his hat and his coat and all that,
And button his shoes with a hook;
He may swagger and strut and pretend to be, but,
No matter how big he may look,
He's a baby still, whether you will,
Whatever you do or say.

A four-year-old's a baby,
Whatever you do or say.
You may call him a man, as a mother can,
Seventy times a day;
If he cries when he's hurt, all covered with dirt,
You'll gather him up in your arms,
Nor kisses refuse to cover the bruise,
And quiet his fearful alarms.
For, whether you will, he's a baby still,
Whatever you do or say.

—[Household.

FANCIES.

Lives of rhymsters oft remind us
We may waste a lot of time
And departing leave behind us
Reams of unaccepted rhyme.
—[Twinkles.

Marie—There go the Newcomers. They have a remarkable family tree.

Carrie—Yes; I hear that it grew in a single day.—[Puck.

Reporter—So your diamonds were stolen again. How much are they worth?

Actress—I think they are worth at least two columns.—[Twinkles.

"You can't keep a secret to save your life, Florence."

"Yes, I can; but the women in whom I confide it can't keep it."—[Chicago Record.

He—For the perfect enjoyment of love there must be complete confidence.

She (of Chicago)—I have heard pa say identically the same thing about sausages.—[Life.

Milford—I say, what are your chief imports in America?

Van Ishe—Poor men.

Milford—And exports?

Van Ishe—Rich girls.—[Truth.

Mrs. Brickbrac—Oh, mercy, Bridget, how could you have broken that precious vase! It was four hundred years old.

Bridget (calmly)—Oh, if it was an ould thing like that, yez can take it out av me next week's wages.—[Truth.

"I've sold that poem on Spring at last," he shouted. "I made one slight change, and it was purchased immediately."

"That shows what a subtle thing art is," said the friend. "The slightest touch may make or mar a masterpiece. How did you change your poem?"

"Fixed up the last line so as to work in the name of a patent medicine."—[Washington Star.

PERSONALS.

....A bill to pension the daughters of General George G. Meade, Margaret B. Meade and Henrietta Meade, at $100 per month each, was introduced in the Senate yesterday by Senator Penrose of Pennsylvania.

....The will of Judge B. R. Sheldon, former member of the state supreme court of Illinois, leaves an estate of over $300,000, and among the bequests is one of $100,000, to his alma mater, Williams College, and the same amount to the Hampton, Va., Institute.

....It is not often that a man gets his first election to Congress at the age of sixty-three. Representative S. A. Davenport of Pennsylvania is an instance. The only other office Mr. Davenport has held was that of district attorney for Erie county, and he was elected to that when he was twenty-six years old and only five years out of the Harvard Law School, of which he is a graduate. Mr. Davenport has lived at Erie since he was five years old, but he was born near Watkins, New York. Mr. Davenport is being discussed in Pennsylvania as a possible candidate for governor of that state.

....Billy Birch, the most noteworthy survivor of the old-timers of the negro minstrel stage, died at his home in New York yesterday. He was born in 1830, and fourteen years later made his first appearance on the minstrel stage. He became famous in a few years, when, with Wambold, Bernard and Backus, he formed in California the San Francisco minstrels. Birch and Backus made the trip to California by way of the Isthmus of Panama, starting on the ill-fated ship Golden Horn, which was burned at sea. After a time the organization was brought to the East, and from 1865 to 1885 was a feature in the New York amusement world. Eventually, however, it went the way of its most successful imitators, and Birch was the last survivor of his original firm.

....Mines Levick, who has been prominent on the American stage for many years, died Sunday at his home in New York, after a long illness. He was born in Boston, Lincolnshire, England, January 30, 1825, and made his first appearance on the stage in 1845. He came to this country in 1853, and secured an engagement at Barnum's Museum. Afterward he filled various small engagements in other cities, and in 1857 was engaged for "walking gentleman" and "utility" at Laura Keene's Theatre. Here he was associated with Joseph Jefferson, Edward Askew Sothern, W. R. Blake, C. W. Couldock and other famous players, and was in the original cast of "Our American Cousin." Later he appeared as a leading support of Mary Anderson, Margaret Mather and Minna Gale. His last appearance on the stage was in the season of 1892-3, as the support of Miss Gale.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure.

BABY'S SKIN

In all the world there is no other treatment so pure, so sweet, so safe, so speedy, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, and hair, and eradicating every humor, as warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, and gentle anointings with CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure.

Cuticura

Is sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG & CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston. "All About the Skin, Scalp, and Hair," free.

EVERY HUMOR From Pimples to Scrofula cured by CUTICURA.

NEWPORT HOTELS.

PERRY HOUSE,
WASHINGTON SQUARE.
Leading hotel in the city. Open all the year. Completely renovated and refurnished. First-class in every respect, with all modern improvements. Rates $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50 per day, according to location. Rates to parties by the week or month. For further information regarding rooms, etc., address
WM. S. O'BRIEN, Proprietor.

CENTRAL HOUSE,
BATH ROAD.
Open all the year round.
Winter rates from Sept. 15 to June 15.
American and European plan.
Catering on shortest notice.
Steam heat. A. HENZELIN, Prop.

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WINDSOR HOTEL
56th AVE., 46th to 47th ST., NEW YORK.
Under New and Liberal Management.
Offers superior accommodations at popular prices.
Army and Navy Headquarters.
Free coach and baggage to and from Grand Central depot by giving us notice.
Music during dinner.
New ladies' and gentlemen's restaurant on office floor.
Unsurpassed in location and perfect in all appointments.
AMERICAN PLAN, $4 per day and upward; EUROPEAN PLAN, $1.50 per day and upward.
The traveling public will find this a delightful and homelike family hotel.
WARREN F. LELAND, Proprietor.

CLOTHING.

Short top coats are popular just now.
They combine comfort and chic when made up correctly.
Otto knows how to make them and has the newest goods.
244 Thames St.

"Perfectly Satisfied,"
Is what my patrons say.
It is a fact that my Suits, Overcoats and Trousers are made better, fit as well, and will wear as long, as those costing very much more.
I make to order, Suits, $14; Overcoats, $15; Trousers, $4 and upward.
Not obliged to take goods that are not satisfactory in every way.
NEIL McLENNAN,
208 Thames Street. U. S. Hotel Building.

SPRING ANNOUNCEMENT.
You are cordially invited to inspect our Stock of Spring and Summer Woolens, the assortment is most complete.
Business Suits in beautiful over plaids, brown and gray effects, soft rich colorings, stylish designs, first-class fabrics.
Something more dressy you will see in cloths bought for Prince Albert Suits—a departure from the conventional blacks.
In cloths for Full Dress Suits we are showing the very latest weaves that are being worn by New York Swelldom.
Included in the above are our Novelties and Fancy Suitings. In Staples we have Serges, Cheviots, Boating cloths, Diagonals, Bannockburn's, Sanderson's Crombie's Homesties, in fact too great an assortment to be described.
Beside the Cloths the Fashion Plates will interest you. We have not only all the leading American Fashion Reviews but also the leading English Plates. Surely you can pleasantly and profitably spend a half hour or so with us gaining points in stylish dressing, and we assure you that your call will be most heartily appreciated.
LANGLEY & SON,
Tailors and Haberdashers, 174 THAMES STREET.

EASTER ANNOUNCEMENT
During the past week I have received a large supply of foreign and domestic fabrics, from a leading wholesale manufacturing establishment, and accordingly from now until Easter, I will make first-class suits, latest designs, at very reasonable prices. A golden opportunity. Call and see my excellent line of goods, first-class quality.
INSIGNIAS FOR MYSTIC ORDERS A SPECIALTY.
D. Russo, 6 Broadway.

SPECIAL SALE
—OF—
Lampson and Hubbard Hats,
To close out entire stock, $3 and $3.50
For $1.50.
Come early, before sizes are broken. See window.
J. K. McLENNAN.

H. D. Spooner,
TAILOR,
233 1-2 Thames St.

Seed Potatoes.
CHOICE STOCK.
RAISED ESPECIALLY FOR SEED.
Improved Bobbins's Potato Planter.
Chittenden and Stockbridge Fertilizers.
GRASS SEEDS.
GARDEN SEEDS.
A. A. BARKER,
162 & 164 BROADWAY.

ATTENTION, GARDENERS!
We have a nice lot of fine Crushed Stone for dressing paths. Ours is the only place which has the Blue stone. Order now for spring use, before it is all gone.
PECKHAM BROTHERS,
Newport P. O. Box 193.

WE ARE LOW PRICED.
People attracted to other stores are simply amazed when they visit us and learn our money-saving prices.
Scotch and English cheviots—all the new tans, browns and olives—Suits, $8.47, $9.90 and $15.
TOP COATS.
English covert cloths, guaranteed to wear 5 years, $8.47, $10 and $12. Largest and best assortment of men's pants, that cannot be duplicated for the price in Newport.
GLOBE CLOTHING CO., 201 & 203 Thames St.
CHEAPEST CLOTHIERS IN R. I. J. C. MAHONEY, MANAGER.

Ben-Hur Cycles
have arrived. Model 25, ladies' and gentlemen's, the wonder of the cycle shows at Chicago, New York and Boston, and wherever shown. The finest cycle the world ever saw. Call and see it at my new salesroom,
241 THAMES STREET,
The largest cycle store in the city. Repair shop at old stand, 99 Thames street. The largest and best repair shop in the city. All work promptly attended to. Prices the lowest.
GEO. W. SMITH, - - - Machinist.

"IVER JOHNSON."
An Honest Wheel at an Honest Price.
A wheel that is never seen in department or dry goods stores. Built on sound mechanical principles by mechanics of long experience. No better wheel made.
BAILEY & CO.,
Machinists, - 17 Mill Street.

Over 100,000 Miles of Practical Testing.
Not a single 1897 Columbia bicycle was offered for sale until 30 were practically tested. These machines were picked at random. Each are ridden from 1,500 to 10,000 miles—100 miles a day, mind you—over the roughest roads in Connecticut. Not a single break in any part of the thirty; not a single frame fork or bearing altered in its adjustment. We know that
COLUMBIA BICYCLES
Will give greater satisfaction in 1897 than ever before.
Standard of the World. $100 To all alike. Catalogue free from any Columbia dealer.
C. G. & A. H. POPPLE, 134 Bellevue Avenue.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

New Pianos.
Everybody is delighted with the new style KRAKICH & BACH piano. Call and see them.
We have also several new JEWETT pianos in antique oak and rosewood finish.
JOHN ROGERS,
210 THAMES STREET.

PIANO TUNING.
RALPH WOOD.
Rogers's Music Store, 210 Thames Stree

FISCHER
ESTABLISHED 1840.
PIANOS
RENOWNED FOR
TONE & DURABILITY
The wonderful popularity enjoyed by the
FISCHER PIANO
For the past FIFTY-SEVEN YEARS without a parallel in the history of piano world. During this period
100,000
Pianos have been manufactured by the firm.
Grand and Upright Pianos
In rare woods and chaste designs. Write for illustrated catalogue.
J. & C. FISCHER,
33 Union Square, West, between 16th and 17th Sts., New York.
—OR—
MANN & ECCLES,
22 Mathewson Street, Providence, R. I.

GOLD DUST WASHING POWDER
Dirt of any kind on any thing quickly yields to the easy effort of the housewife who uses this great cleaner. Largest package—greatest economy. Ask the grocer for it.

Edwin T. Banning
ARCHITECT,
87 Weybosset Street, Providence, R. I.

WATER.
Persons desirous of having water introduced into residences or places of business should make application at the office of the Newport Water Works, 5 West Marlborough street. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 2 P. M.

Arctic Ice Co.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN NATURAL AND ARTIFICIAL ICE.
This company is prepared to furnish ice of the best quality and in any quantity desired.
Prompt attention and delivery by experienced drivers. Telephone connection.
OFFICE, COMMERCIAL WHARF.
JOHN H. GREENE, Supt.

OVERSTUFFED.
Turkish and Other Styles of Couches Chairs of Best Make
AT 14 MILL STREET. GEO. NASON.

A COOL BOTTLE
of Hires Rootbeer on a sweltering hot day is highly essential to comfort and health. It cools the blood, reduces your temperature, tones the stomach.
HIRES Rootbeer
should be in every home, in every office, in every workshop. A temperance drink, more healthful than ice water, more delightful and satisfying than any other beverage produced.
Made only by the Charles E. Hires Co., Philadelphia. A package makes 5 gallons. Sold everywhere.

A. HAMMETT,
Lumber and Hardware,
Brick, Lime and Cement,
Drain and Sewer Pipe,
Paints, Oils, Etc.
319 & 321 THAMES STREET.

HORSE CLIPPERS,
$1.25 Each.
Clipping Shears, Combs, Etc., Etc.
HENRY BIESEL & SONS,
256 and 258 THAMES STREET.

LEONARD'S
Newport Steam Laundry
And Carpet Cleaning Works.
J. D. RICHARDSON, Agent, 306 Thames Street. Orders may also be left at Peckham & Manchester's, 68 Broadway. Telephone connection.

NEWPORT DAILY NEWS AND THE NEWPORT JOURNAL.
C. T. PITMAN, PROPRIETOR.
Office, 207 Thames Street.
News, $6.00 a year. Journal, $2.00

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Business Office, down stairs, 6417-2
Editorial and Reportorial Rooms, up stairs, 6417-3
Publisher's Residence, 24 High St.

The Newport Journal contains the best matter in the Daily News each week, and will be sent anywhere in the United States, postage paid, for $2 a year in advance. Requests for change of address should give old address as well as the new.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements, without special position, $1 a square for the first insertion and 25 cents for each continuance. Ten lines, or less, nonpariel type (or five-sixths of an inch) make a square. Advertisements of five lines or less are taken at about one-half these rates. A discount is allowed on all advertisements ordered in the Daily for more than one week, or when both papers are used.

Yearly or Term Advertisers are limited to their immediate business, are guaranteed but five insertions in a week, and are allowed twenty-five changes a year. Electrotypes will be used without extra charge if solid metal; "wood backs" cannot be used with safety to the press.

Advertisers using both the daily and weekly papers receive a discount on the combined rates and gain the advantage of distinct classes of readers, no person reading both the daily and weekly. The Journal goes among people who read no other local paper.

PRINTING.

The News has six steam presses and has a large and well-appointed job printing office.

Newport Daily News

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 21, 1897.

GOING BACK ON THE RECORD.

It has always been contended that one of the chief objects of protection through revenue taxation was to foster our manufacturing industries, and through them furnish employment for working people, who might thus be provided with labor at living rates. But in the present tariff bill the effect bids fair to be quite the reverse of all this. In speaking of the tax on raw materials a leading Philadelphia paper says, and with entire show of truth: "The tax on wool, especially upon carpet wool, is simply monopoly greed run mad. The tax that has been determined upon by the Western Senators to be levied upon carpet wool would practically annihilate one of the largest industries of Philadelphia, where more carpets are manufactured in a single Congressional district than in all of England. If we grew carpet wool there might be some plausible excuse for taxing it, but we have never grown carpet wool, we do not grow a pound of it today, and we never will grow it, for the reason that American wool growers can, with the same amount of stock and labor, grow wool worth twice or thrice the market value of carpet wool. It is purely and wholly a tax upon one of the great industries of the country, benefiting no labor, profiting no producers, and taxing the poorer class of consumers enormously without any benefit whatever to any condition or class. It is doubtless done on the assumption that if a prohibitory tax is put upon carpet wool our carpet manufacturers would be compelled to use American wool, but no American wool now produced, or that ever will be produced, can be used in the manufacture of ingrain carpets. It is stone blind insanity, madness without method, and it aims only at the destruction of great industries, wanton oppression upon labor, and advantage to none."

All this is very true, and the case quoted is but an exaggerated feature of the whole system. There may be and doubtless are some industries where duties laid for protection benefit the manufacturers without doing much harm to the great body of consumers, but the proposed tax on wool is certainly not one of them. In this department, as is shown, nobody is profited, while every one who uses woolen goods is greatly injured through the increase of cost to purchasers.

It may be not a little wicked in us to remind our Pennsylvania friends that this wool tax is precisely in the line of similar taxes levied nominally in the interest of the people of that commonwealth, and bearing equally hard on those of other states. Pennsylvania is one of the strongest protection states in the Union, and the duties on iron, coal and other products of that locality have cost the country millions of dollars, which have gone to the pockets of her coal and iron masters. And she is again exacting the same toll in the bill now before the Senate. And now if the people of the Keystone state through taking a dose of their own medicine can be made to see the error of their ways and to moderate their demands in this direction, the Dingley tariff bill will not have been compiled in vain.

THE CONFESSION OF KELLEY.

Joseph E. Kelley, the murderer of Cashier Stickney, has made a free and full confession of his foul deed, which in enormity has seldom been surpassed in this country, and perhaps not equalled by any one of his years. As has before been stated, he has not yet reached his twenty-second year, while this and his previous record make him a veritable monster in the flesh.

The confession clears up some points which up to this time have been considered doubtful. Kelley now admits that he had no accomplice in his awful work. For days and perhaps weeks he planned the scheme while sitting in the room opposite the bank, and waited patiently for the conditions which should be deemed most favorable. And when the time came he proceeded, solitary and alone, to the work. Nothing was done under the pressure of excitement or through the influence of strong drink.

The murder and robbery was but the outcome of what was in his heart in his coolest, and shall we say, his best moments at this time. Better impulses he must have had at some periods of his brief career, but the good with which by nature he had been endowed had evidently been overcome by vicious habits and evil ways. His course downward must have been rapid, but it had been run, apparently, to its utmost limit. The experiences of this young man show the terrible effect of breaking away from the restraints of moral and religious precepts and trusting to one's own intuitions and impulses. The case viewed from any standpoint is a sad commentary on human possibilities when once refusing the proffered aid of the agencies and influences that fail not to lead to a pure and upright life.

IMPROVING THE MILITIA.

It is said that the Canadian government is to try an experiment which, if successful, will have an important bearing on the efficacy of its military standing and may be worth the consideration of the United States. The experiment is undertaken with the consent of the British government and is warmly endorsed by the commandant of the royal forces in the dominion.

The scheme is to put, for a short time, the militia companies of the dominion into the regiments of the regular army that are doing duty in Canada that the officers and men in the militia may, for such time, be a part of the regular forces and under the command and discipline of the regular army. One or more companies have already taken service in this way for a period of six months and are now doing duty as regulars. We suspect that if in this country the system should be adopted our militia force would quickly be depleted. Most men love to play soldiering but not quite to that extent.

NEWS FROM GREECE.

It is too early to speculate as to the probable outcome of the Greek and Turkish war, but thus far the advantage appears to be on the whole with the Moslems. Of course the sympathies of the entire Christian world are with the Greeks, not simply because that country is nominally Christian, but that it is believed she is in the right concerning the questions at issue. They have the right on their side not only so far as territorial boundaries are concerned, but also in coming to the relief of the Cretans when they were threatened with the same treatment that had just been accorded to the Armenians. When King George sent troops into Crete to aid the Christians, he did what Europe did not dare to do but which all Christendom applauded. In pushing across the northern boundary—a boundary established by might, not by right—he is making the movement which Europe ought to have made long ago to crowd the Turk back to his place.

But it can scarcely be expected that Greece alone can drive back the tide of fanaticism which has swept with fire and sword a large proportion of eastern lands. It is still to be hoped that King George has some assurances of help, if needed, from some at least of the Christian powers which should be acting in concert in behalf of the common cause.

The political party leaders are considerably worried on both sides in New York as to which machine shall run the city after consolidation shall have been accomplished. Several candidates have been named as feelers in order to test public opinion and so far as possible pave the way to success. On the Democratic side Postmaster Dayton is spoken of as the Tammany candidate for mayor. He is regarded as likely to prove acceptable to both the gold wing and the silver wing of the Democracy, and as being able to command the vote of the business men of the city.

The Boston Herald asks us to think of the sugar magnates in jail. Well we can think of them in jail much easier than their opponents can devise means to get them there, which they have thus far sought in vain. No one has shown us any reason as yet why they should be imprisoned.

Some of the dissatisfied Republican Congressmen appear to be organizing a revolt against Speaker Reed and his present management. It is said that about thirty members of the House have signed a protest setting forth the disadvantages of the present do nothing policy.

Word comes to us that the cold snap has greatly damaged the fruit buds throughout the country. The worst accounts come from the peach growing districts from which there is always more or less complaint. But in this instance there is something to build upon.

NANSEN AND GREELY.

That Nansen did not endeavor to find his ship, says Professor Shaler in the May Atlantic, but left her in the ice while he laid his course homeward, has led certain critics to censure his conduct. General Greely, a renowned Arctic explorer, asserts that Nansen "thus deviated from the most sacred duty devolving on the commander of a naval expedition."

Nansen's sledge journey was, as before noted, a part of his reckoning. He had provided a second in command, apparently a better trained navigator than himself, to care for the ship. At least four other members of the crew were by quality and training able to take charge of the vessel. To have retreated towards the Fram would have entailed certain grave dangers and limited the work of exploration in an important measure. Owing to the irregular movements of the drift, the place of the vessel at the end of two months, which would have elapsed, could not have been determined within a range of fifty or sixty miles. If by chance the ice had opened, she might have steamed away on her journey. It was useless to think of following the trail of the sledges, for it might have been effaced by a fall of snow.

If Nansen had tried to discover the Fram and had failed to do so, he would then have found himself with his provisions nearly gone and his dogs worn out. The issue showed that in this case he and his companion would most likely have perished. Moreover, by pushing southwardly he made a long journey across a field that had never before been traversed, and may not be seen again for centuries. There can be no valid suspicion that this independent movement was taken with any idea of abandoning the party. The project, indeed, had been freely talked over with all his companions, and as freely accepted by them as the fit thing to do. The idea that the crew of the Fram would be in any kind of danger was not likely to enter the minds of these stout fellows. It would be quite as reasonable to accuse a forlorn hope of deserting the army which it led as it would be to charge Nansen with abandoning his ship.

THE BASIS OF CHEWING GUM.

Four million pounds of gum chicle, the product of the Mexican sapota tree, entered the United States during 1895. This entire produce, valued at nearly $1,500,000, became the basis of chewing gum. A walk through a leading chewing gum factory is interesting. Here over 1,000,000,000 pieces of gum are annually produced and shipped to every portion of the world. Three hundred employes are engaged in the manufacture of the gum, the first step of which is the importation of the raw chicle, which is gathered by the peons in Mexico and exported in bales containing about 150 pounds each. The gum is taken from the bales and chopped into small pieces. These are freed from tree bark and chips by steaming and picking; then it is ground in mills making 3,400 revolutions a minute. The ground gum is subjected to a continuous heat of 110 degrees Fahrenheit in drying rooms. From here the gum is sent to the "white-aproned cook," who adds the purest sugar and the freshest of cream, granulated pepsin, powdered guru or kola or other desired ingredient to it, and cooks it in a steam-jacketed cauldron, where it is turned and mixed by an ingenious double-acting heater or rotating paddle until it has assumed the consistency of bread dough. Now the "dough boys" take hold of it and knead it in finely powdered sugar, passing it to the "rollers," where it is rolled between steel rollers until it is of the proper thickness, when it is whisked away to the "markers." The markers are steel-knived rollers, which leave their impress upon the long sheets of appetizing gum before it goes to the "seasoning room," after which it is broken on the lines left by the markers. Now the gum finds its way to the "wrapping room." The nimble fingers of 150 dainty maidens are here at play. Under their deft touch waxed paper, tinfoil and pretty wrappers envelop the gum quick as a wink, and in another moment the "packers" have the gum to place in jars or boxes, wherein it is shipped for sale to the general public. —[Confectioner's Journal.

BUTTONS AND OTHER THINGS MADE OF MILK.

For a long time buttons and other articles for which bone is generally used have been made from congealed blood, purchased by the button makers at the slaughter houses and treated with some substance that hardens it to the sufficient consistency. From blood to milk is a long remove, but the same articles that are made from blood can be made from milk by a process invented by an Englishman named James Callander, and soon to be introduced into this country.

The milk used is the skim milk that is of little use for domestic purposes, and can be obtained very cheaply. It is the milk that remains after the cream has been skimmed off. The process of turning this liquid into buttons, pool balls, combs, backs of hair brushes and similar articles consists, first, of straining the milk through a cloth, in order to remove every vestige of cream, and then mixing it with a substance, the ingredients of which are a secret of the inventor, and compressing it. At the end of three days the substance is as solid as celluloid, and is ready to be cut and shaped in any way the manufacturer wishes.

At present a factory in Holland is engaged in fashioning the hardened milk into various articles, buttons being the chief. The buttons made in this peculiar way differ very little in appearance from ordinary bone buttons. They are a creamy white in appearance, but can be colored black or red or any other color by simply mixing the coloring matter with the milk before the hardening process begins. They are said to possess advantages over the bone and celluloid articles in being less brittle and less liable to chip. For this reason the billiard balls and pool balls which have been made in England from this substance have found favor where a cheap ball is required instead of the expensive ivory ones.

For combs the milk substance has been found to be especially well adapted, as it is smooth and delicate to the touch, and derives from its creamy origin a glossy surface that is just the thing for combs. In the same way it is a good substitute for ivory in billiard and pool balls.

The great difficulty the inventor had to overcome, and which he grappled with unsuccessfully for seven years before he hit upon the right plan, was to keep the color of the substance of a uniform shade. According to Mr. J. R. Burdoch of Brooklyn, who has known the inventor for many years, the early experiments with milk buttons always resulted in the turning out of a substance hard enough, to be sure, but breaking out in spots of yellow, like freckles on a country boy.—[New York Herald.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—Situation by young German girl, as chambermaid or waitress. Good references. Address Box 27, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Situation by first-class laundress. Also good plain cook; is a good baker. Address Box 12, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Situation by experienced girl to do general housework. Address Box 12, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Situation to do general housework. Apply at 5 Vicksburg place.

WANTED—Situation by young English girl to do general housework, or as chambermaid. Box 47, Daily News Office.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Young girl to assist with light housework and the care of children. Sleep home. Apply at 23 John street.

WANTED—American girl to assist in the care of two small children. Address Box 8, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Well recommended housemaid and parlor maid. Apply at 4 Red Cross avenue.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Mr. Scanivan, 8 Whitehall street.

WANTED—In small private family, competent, neat young woman for cook and plain laundry work; best of references required. Apply at Mr. Willard's, Mile Corner.

WANTED—Well-recommended girl as first-class waitress and chambermaid. Apply at Travers cottage, Rhode Island avenue.

TENEMENTS, ROOMS AND BOARD.

TO LET The offices now occupied by Scanlevin & Potter, corner Market square and Thames street. Possession May 6. Apply to C. Sherman & Co.

TO LET—House with modern conveniences. With bath, hot and cold water. Apply at 13 Rhode Island avenue.

WANTED—Room, furnished or unfurnished, centrally located. Reasonable price. Box 26, Daily News Office.

TO LET—To a small family, lower tenement on Clinton avenue, near Broadway. For particulars address Box 22, Daily News Office.

TO LET—One of the best stores on Thames street. Inquire at Mercury Office.

TO LET—Tenement with all the modern improvements. Apply 501 Spring street.

TO LET—Furnished, eleven-room cottage, stable and windmill, at West Ferry, Jamestown. Apply to Daniel Watson, 239 Thames street.

TO LET—Two-story cottage with nine rooms, 19 Kay street; modern conveniences. Apply at 21 Kay street.

WHITE MOUNTAINS.

TO RENT—Private house for summer months; 11 rooms, including kitchen. Bathroom, laundry and stable. Apply by letter to, Box 48, Daily News Office.

FOR SALE.

A Fine Baby Carriage
ALMOST NEW
FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.
101 PROSPECT HILL STREET.

Horses for Sale
Sound and well broken, weight from 1,050 to 1,300. Apply to Daniel J. Buckley.

DESIRABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.
In Broadway district, on Dean avenue, Sheffield avenue and other sections of the city.
CHARLES B. MARSH, Agency 183½ Broadway.

EGGS FOR HATCHING,
Of either Black Langshan or White Plymouth Rocks, can be obtained of Joseph L. Chace, Turner's road, Middletown, at 50c. per hatching.

NOTICES.

Special Notice!
The Board of Directors of the Woman's Exchange wish to announce that the entertainment, which was to have been given for its benefit on Thursday afternoon the 22d in Newton Hall, has been postponed until Thursday the 29th, on account of the death of Mr. Newton, who so kindly gave the use of the hall for this purpose.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE
NOTICE is hereby given that The Tivoli Baking Company of this city has made an assignment to me of all its property for the equal benefit of those of its creditors who shall present their claims to me within three months from this date. All persons having claims against the said Tivoli Baking Company are requested to present them to me within such time and all persons indebted to said company are notified to pay them at once.
J. STACY BROWN, Assignee.
Newport, R. I., April 12, 1897.

Tiverton Water Supply Company.
NOTICE is hereby given of the pendency before the January Session, A. D. 1897, of the General Assembly, of the petition for the passage of a bill creating a corporation under the name of "The Tiverton Water Supply Company," for the purpose of introducing, continuing and maintaining a supply of water for the towns of Tiverton, Little Compton, Portsmouth and Middletown and the inhabitants thereof, and of furnishing an additional supply of water to the corporation now authorized to supply water to the city of Newport and its inhabitants, for domestic, manufacturing and other purposes, and for fire protection. It is intended that said corporation shall have an office in the city of Newport, and that said corporation will exercise the right of eminent domain and acquire franchises in the streets and highways of said towns of Tiverton, Little Compton, Portsmouth and Middletown. This notice is given in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 21, Section 2, of the General Laws.
GEORGE H. NORMAN,
GEORGE N. WEAVER,
GEORGE H. NORMAN, JR.,
Petitioners.

More
Medicinal value in a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla than in any other preparation.
More skill is required, more care taken, more expense incurred in its manufacture. It costs the proprietor and the dealer
More but it costs the consumer less, as he gets more doses for his money.
More curative power is secured by its peculiar combination, proportion and process, which make it peculiar to itself.
More people are employed and more space occupied in its Laboratory than any other.
More wonderful cures effected and more testimonials received than by any other.
More sales and more increase year by year are reported by druggists.
More people are taking Hood's Sarsaparilla today than any other, and more are taking today than ever before.
More and STILL MORE reasons might be given why you should take
Hood's Sarsaparilla
The One True Blood Purifier. $1 per bottle.
Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills and Sick Headache. 25 cents.

JEWELERS.

"The Mainspring"
Is the reservoir of the propelling power which drives your watch.
We use only the finest and insure them for a year.
OTTO RUECKER, Watchmaker, 190 Thames St.

NEW JEWELRY AND SILVER NOVELTIES.
Table Ware in Solid Silver and Best Plated.
Also the new 12 size Waltham Watches, Royal and Riversides, the thinnest and neatest size yet made in this country for gentlemen's wear.
E. C. BLAINE, 215 THAMES STREET.

EDWARD P. MARSH,
Undertaker and Embalmer,
101 Thames Street.
RESIDENCE, Everett Street. TELEPHONE At Office and Residence.

Stearns Bicycles.
You judge a watch by its works—not its case. Don't depend wholly on the smart appearance of the Stearns bicycle—ask some Stearns riders or note the class of people who ride them.
Stearns is the vogue in the best circles—graceful—easy running—swell.
EDWARD GRIFFITH, Agent, 158 Thames Street.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, April 21, 8 A. M. For New England—Fair; warmer; variable winds, becoming southwesterly.

FOR BOSTON AND VICINITY.

BOSTON, April 21, 8 A. M. For Boston and vicinity—Fair tonight and Thursday; warmer; west to southwest winds.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

Clear weather, with rising temperature, is the condition in all eastern sections this morning. Heavy frosts occurred in the Middle states last night and there was a hard freeze in New England. The temperature fell almost to the freezing point as far south as Norfolk. It is raining, or has rained, in the states of Illinois, Wisconsin, Iowa, Minnesota, the Dakotas and Missouri, and is raining as far east as Chicago this morning. Most of the reporting stations have had precipitation in light amounts, but occasional heavy amounts are reported—86 inch at Des Moines, and .72 at Omaha. The centre of the storm is in the far Northwest, where there is a considerable depression in the barometer. It is moving eastward, but will probably not affect our locality. The barometer registers greatly above the normal in Atlantic coast districts, and the temperature is rising rapidly westward.

J. W. SMITH,
Local Forecast Official.

LOCAL CONDITIONS.

April 21.	7 h	12 h	14 h
Temperature.	35	47	56
Barometer.	30.47	30.45	30.18
Wind.	SW	SW	SW
Weather.	Clear	Clear	Clear

MINIATURE CALENDAR.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 21.

Sun rises.... 4 h 53 m
Sun sets.... 18 h 33 m
Moon rises.... h — m
Length of day.... 13 h 40 m
Day's increase.... 4 h 36 m
High water.... 10 h 14 m; 23 h 05 m

THURSDAY, APRIL 22.

Sun rises.... 4 h 51 m
Sun sets.... 18 h 34 m
Moon rises.... 0 h 16 m
Length of day.... 13 h 43 m
Day's increase.... 4 h 39 m
High water.... 11 h 49 m; — h — m

FRIDAY, APRIL 23.

Sun rises.... 4 h 50 m
Sun sets.... 18 h 35 m
Moon rises.... 0 h 57 m
Length of day.... 13 h 45 m
Day's increase.... 4 h 41 m
High water.... 0 h 08 m; 12 h 56 m

Moon's Phases.

Last Quarter, April 23, 16 h 48 m, W.
New Moon, May 1, 15 h 46 m, W.
First Quarter, May 9, 16 h 37 m, E.
Full Moon, May 16, 8 h 54 m, W.

NEW TODAY.

[NO OLD ADVERTISEMENTS LISTED HERE.]

To Let—House; 4th page.
To Let—Offices; 4th page.
Hearn— A Card; 7th page.
For Sale—Baby Carriage; 4th page.
Masonic Hall—Concert; 5th page.
Peabody Park—Base Ball; 5th page.
Fenton—Home-made Candies; 5th page.
Wanted—Girl for Housework; 4th page.
Fall River Line—Time Table; 7th page.
Wm. B. Sherman, Jr.—Special; 7th page.
Wanted—Situation as Laundress; 4th page.
Perry Brothers—Chestnut Coal; 5th page.
C. E. Hammett, Jr.—New Books; 5th page.
Otto Ruecker—"The Mainspring;" 4th page.
Wanted—Situation for Housework; 4th page.
American and Red Star S. S. Lines; 7th page.
Tiverton Water Supply Co.—Notice; 4th page.
Opera House—The Gilhooleys Abroad; 5th page.
H. W. Rankin & Co.—"London Heads;" 3d page.
Directors Woman's Exchange—Notice; 4th page.

Changes of advertisements should be sent in the night before, or early on the day of issue to insure insertion.

TO LET.
14 acres of land on Indian avenue. Tenant may plough and plant. Terms very low.
Tenement at 34 Bath road.
H. L. DYER,
Corner Bellevue Avenue and Bath Road.

GAS AND ELECTRIC LIGHTING APPLIANCES.
Electric Bells, Burglar Alarms, Speaking Tubes, Telephones, Gas Engines for Power Purposes, Heating Apparatus and General Repairs and Alterations.
PHILIP F. CONROY,
181 THAMES STREET.

FOR SALE.
Two-tenement house 13 Bridge street. Rented at $20. Good condition. About 3,000 square feet of land.
$2,100.
HENRY BULL, JR.,
SOLE AGENT.
197 Thames Street.

NEWPORT NURSERY COMPANY
OFFERS A FULL ASSORTMENT OF
Trees and Shrubs
FOR SPRING PLANTING.
We offer most of the NEW and RARE sorts, including Herbaceous plants, Roses, Rhododendrons, Azaleas, Andromedas, Hypericums, Irises, Lilies, Hydrangeas, Vines and Climbers.
Also fine specimens of English Hollys grown in Newport without protection in winter, and so proven suited to our climate, the New Lilacs, and other recent importations.
When desired will contract to lay out and plant estates large or small under the supervision of one of Newport's well known gardeners. Everything warranted as represented. Seaside planting a specialty and with plants grown in seaside exposures.
Apply for further information to Richard Gardner, Superintendent, on the premises, Vernon avenue, or address Newport Nursery Company.

PRINTING AT DAILY NEWS JOB OFFICE.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, April 21, Wall Street—The stock market opened weak with Atchison at 10⅛, Sugar at 112, Chicago Gas at 81⅞, Burlington at 73⅞, St. Paul at 73⅛, Louisville & Nashville at 43⅞, Western Union at 80⅞, Southern Railway preferred at 25⅞, Missouri Pacific at 19⅞ and New Jersey Central at 78⅞.

10:10—Prices were higher at the opening of the stock exchange, on reflection from London, the international shares showing a gain of ½ each. New Jersey Central was strong, with a rise of 2, the other coalers showing smaller gains. Consolidated Gas rose 1⅞ on account of the defeat of the substitute $1 gas bill at Albany.

11 A. M.—The market held firm at the opening except for Leather preferred and Tobacco, the former yielding a point and the latter a fraction. Sugar gave evidence of good buying and gained about a point. The improvement in Delaware & Hudson was extended to a point and gains were shown generally throughout the morning.

Noon—Money on call, nominally at 1½ @ 1 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 3½ @ 4 per cent; exchange, easier with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.88 @ 4 for demand and $4.86½ @ 4 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.87 @ 4 and $4.88½ @ $4.89; commercial bills, $4.85¾ @ $4.86; bar silver, 61⅛; government bonds, firm; new 4s, reg., 125; new 4s, coup., 134. The decline in Tobacco was checked and the stock recovered 1⅞. The strength of the wheat market did not affect the stock market and contrary to recent experience both markets showed simultaneous strength.

NEW YORK, April 21.

	Noon.
Atchison	10⅛
Chicago & Alton	162
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	73⅞
C., C., C. & St. Louis	28
Cotton Oil Certificates	19⅞
Delaware & Hudson	104
Delaware & Lackawanna	149⅞
Erie	21
Erie First preferred	46⅞
Illinois Central	92
Kansas & Texas preferred	27
Lake Shore	164
Louisville & Nashville	43⅞
Michigan Central	92
Missouri Pacific	19⅞
New Jersey Central	78
North American	3⅞
Northern Pacific	12
Northwestern	103⅞
Northwestern preferred	154
New York Central	98⅞
Ontario & Western	16
Oregon Navigation	
Pacific Mail	160
Peoria, Decatur & Evansville	18⅞
Pullman Palace Car	
Reading	71⅞
Rock Island	133
St. Paul	14
St. Paul preferred	40
Texas Pacific	12
Union Pacific	80⅞
Wabash	24
Wabash preferred	30⅞
Western Union	91
Wheeling & Lake Erie	31⅞
Wheeling & Lake Erie preferred	
General Electric	50⅞
Iowa Central	114
St. Paul, M. & Man.	7⅞
Southern Railway	23⅞
Southern Railway preferred	8⅞
Leather	51⅞
Leather preferred	10⅞
Kansas & Texas	69⅞
Tobacco	104
Tobacco preferred	144
U. S. Rubber	56⅞
U. S. Rubber preferred	

A. O'D. TAYLOR,
Real Estate Agency, 124 Bellevue Ave.
SUMMER COTTAGES AND VILLAS. In and around Newport and Jamestown—all prices—$300 to $7,000. Very good ones at $500 to $1,500.
STORES FOR BUSINESS. On Bellevue avenue, Cliffe street, John street, Prospect Hill street, Bath road, etc.
SPECIALLY DESIRABLE RESIDENCE FOR SALE. Close to Bellevue avenue—well suited for a home or for a private boarding-house; $6,750.

ROBERT C. COTTRELL, Undertaker and Embalmer, 322 & 324 Thames street. Residence, 104 Mill street. Telephone at office and residence.

A course of Hood's Sarsaparilla taken now will build up the system and prevent serious illness later on. Get only Hood's.

MARRIED.

WEIR—THURSTON—In this city, 20th inst., at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. J. H. Allen, Mr. Frederick Weir and Miss Annie H. Thurston, both of this city.
WILSON—HOLT—In this city, 20th inst., by Rev. Warren Randolph, Ray H. Wilson, Jr., of this city, and Miss Fannie Holt of Jamestown.

DIED.

CARR—In this city, 20th inst., Benjamin Morris Carr, in the 6th year of his age.
Funeral at his late residence, 29 Howard street, Friday, April 23, at 2:30 P. M.
NEWTON—In this city, 20th inst., Edward Newton, aged 49 years.
Funeral services at his late residence, 92 Mill street, Friday afternoon, at 2:30 o'clock. Relatives and friends are invited to attend.
SWAN—In Boston, 19th inst., John H., son of the late William and the late Susan Swan, aged 61 years.
Funeral services at Belmont Memorial chapel, Island Cemetery, Thursday, 22d inst., on arrival of train due at 1 P. M. Relatives and friends are invited to attend.
MULLEN—In Fall River, 19th inst., Sarah Jane, wife of Thomas Mullen and daughter of Mrs. Jane Holt, aged 29 years.
PEARSON—In Fall River, 17th inst., George H. Pearson, aged 46 years.
TOWNSON—In Fall River, 18th inst., Jane Ann, wife of Alexander R. Townson, aged 43 years.
BURROWS—In Fall River, 20th inst., Nancy A., widow of Nathan Burrows, aged 86 years.
MANCHESTER—In Fall River, 17th inst., Stephen C. Manchester, aged 66 years.
DURFEE—In Fall River, 19th inst., Hannah D., widow of William A. Durfee, aged 72 years.
BROOKS—In Pawtucket, 20th inst., Dr. James F. Brooks, in his 46th year.
SMITH—In Providence, 12th inst., N. Calvin Smith, in his 74th year.
BATES—In Providence, 18th inst., George H. Bates, in his 73d year.
WEATHERHEAD—In Cumberland, 19th inst., Joseph W. Weatherhead, in his 83d year.

UNFURNISHED HOUSES FOR RENT

Summer street,	$400
Mann avenue,	400
Bliss road,	400
Thurston avenue,	300
Half house, Rhode Island avenue,	350
Half house, Everett street,	300

IN FURNISHED HOUSES we have a list from $300 to $7,000.
We would particularly mention one on Cranston avenue for $400, and one on Powell avenue for $600.
All matters connected with buying, selling and renting real estate attended to and satisfaction given.
SIMEON HAZARD,
Real Estate Rooms, - 94 Broadway.

THE CITY OF NEWPORT.

Notice of Applications for Liquor Licenses.

At a meeting of the Board of License Commissioners of the City of Newport, held Monday, April 19, 1897, the following named persons made application for liquor licenses, under the provisions of Chapter 102 of the General Laws of Rhode Island, to sell pure, spirituous, intoxicating and malt liquors within the limits of the city, viz:

First Class.

EHRHARDT LOUIS, JR., 271 Thames street.

Second Class.

LYNCH TIMOTHY J., 537 Thames street.
MORRISEY FRANK and MARTIN SHEA, corner of Collins street and West Broadway.
SHIELDS GEORGE, 25 Long wharf.
SULLIVAN FREDERICK J., 19 Long wharf.

The Board of License Commissioners will be in session at their office in the Mercury Building on Tuesday, May 4, 1897, at 2 o'clock P. M., when opportunity will be given for remonstrances to be heard before acting upon said applications or granting licenses under them.

Published by order of the License Commissioners.
E. W. HUGBEE, Clerk.

HOUSE LOTS
On Thurston and Peckham avenues, for sale on easy terms. Agents making sale will receive commission. D. PECKHAM, 162 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill.

BAD FOR MOWRY.

Damaging Evidence Presented at the Inquest.

Wound in the Murderer's Head Giving Trouble.

PROVIDENCE, April 21.—The preliminary trial of Martin Mowry, the old man who is charged with having murdered Edwin W. Reynolds, his wife, Sarah J. Reynolds, and their adopted daughter, Servilla Reynolds, was to have been held at Harrisville today. Yesterday, however, Mowry's injured ear became badly inflamed, and today Dr. Keene, the prison physician, decided that it would be dangerous to remove him from the hospital, and when this was announced to Judge Harris of the district court he continued the case and notified all witnesses to be present Monday, April 26, at 11 o'clock. Instead of the trial, therefore, the newly elected Coroner, Dr. Edward B. Granger, held the inquest that was ordered by the attorney general.

Harrisville was crowded today by people from all the country round, who had been attracted to the village in the hope of being able to see the triple murderer, and in his absence George H. Plumb and Antoine A. Allen, the men who discovered the fire, were the centre of attraction. These men made the first complete statement today that they have made since the night of the crime. They stated that during the evening they went to ask Mowry to come over to the barn, where they were attending a sick horse, to have a game of cards. Mowry refused, and they asked him to loan them a pack of cards. Mowry refused to let them enter the house and pushed the cards out through the door, as if to prevent them from seeing the interior of his room. Allen states, however, that he saw the clothes that Mowry wore, and that this was the same suit that was lying on the floor saturated with kerosene when they burst into his tenement after the discovery of the fire. When Mowry was arrested there was no sign of blood on his clothing, but when he was told to disrobe blood stains were found on the knees of his underclothing, as if he had knelt over one of his victims, and the fact that there were no corresponding stains, even on the inside of his trousers, substantiated the theory that he had changed his clothing and that the suit he had worn during the early part of the evening had been burned in the house. Many blood stains and spatters were also found on Mowry's shirt. He explained this by saying that the blood had come from the wound in his ear, but as the blood was on the left side of his garments while it was his right ear that had been injured, the men who searched him were unable to connect the two.

Antoine Allen was the first witness, and told the story of the discovery of the fire, and his efforts, assisted by Mr. Plumb and Edward B. Sweet, to awaken the inmates of the house, who were believed to be sleeping. When Reynolds's door was burst open Mowry's Scotch collie bounded out. It was here that he had been locked in, and not in Mowry's tenement, as was at first stated. When Mrs. Reynolds's groans were heard Sweet rushed to her room, and then called to the others to come and assist him in carrying her from the house. Her clothing was on fire. Sweet extinguished the flames and the dying woman was wrapped in the witness's ulster and laid on a stone wall. Allen was positive that their clothing had been wet with kerosene.

Edward B. Sweet testified to the same facts as those stated by Allen, except that he had discovered that the clothing on Mrs. Reynolds's bed was literally saturated with blood. He also went to the room occupied by Reynolds. The body of the man was not to be seen, but when he felt in the bed he found that the sheets and pillow cases were wet, and holding up his lantern saw that they were also covered with blood.

At this point a recess was taken until 2 o'clock.

TARIFF PETITIONS.

Senate Deluged as the Completion of the Draws Near.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—The maturing of the tariff bill was indicated by the deluge of petitions relating to tariff rates presented to the Senate today. Mr. Spooner (Repn., Wis.) sent up a bundle containing several hundred petitions, urging a reenactment of the McKinley rates on lumber. Mr. Mantle (Repn., Mont.) presented a telegraphic memorial from the Montana stock growers' association, asking an amendment to the tariff bill so that adequate protection would be given to the hide industry. Among the other petitions was one from leading commercial houses in San Francisco, opposing the abrogation of the Hawaiian treaty of reciprocity.

Mr. Morgan (Dem., Ala.) reported favorably from the committee on foreign relations an amendment to the sundry civil bill, proposing an appropriation of $50,000 to improve Pearl Harbor, Hawaiian islands.

A resolution by Mr. Hawley (Repn., Conn.) was agreed to, duly acknowledging the invitation of Mayor Strong of New York to participate in the coming Grant ceremonies and providing a committee of fifteen Senators to be appointed by the Vice President to represent the Senate.

WELCOMED TO ENGLAND.

Ambassador Hay Warmly Greeted on His Arrival.

SOUTHAMPTON, April 21.—When American line steamer St. Paul, from New York April 14, reached her dock at 12:30 p. m. today, Mr. Henry White, secretary of the United States embassy; Mr. J. R. Carter, second secretary of the embassy; the mayor of Southampton and the corporation of this city boarded the ship and were introduced to Colonel John Hay, the United States ambassador to the court of St. James, by the United States consul here, Mr. Warner S. Kinkhead. The mayor heartily welcomed the ambassador, and presented him with a photograph of a painting of the departure of the Mayflower. President Harper of the Southampton Chamber of Commerce also welcomed Colonel Hay.

KING GEORGE TALKS.

CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.

vessels, has been ordered to Teagheri, in the Gulf of Volo.

Impossible to Pacify Greece.

VIENNA, April 21.—Much attention has been attracted to an article in the semi-official Fremdenblatt, to the effect that while Greece desired war at any price it was impossible to stop her. "Nevertheless," the article continues, "if either Greece or Turkey, in the event of defeat, invokes European intervention, the powers will not refuse to endeavor to re-establish peace."

Chicago Greeks Enlisting for the War.

CHICAGO, April 21.—Over twelve hundred Greeks at a mass meeting last night resolved to do all they can to aid their native country in the war with Turkey. Amid great enthusiasm four hundred of them signed the muster rolls and promised to be ready to start for New York tomorrow.

ROME, April 21.—Ricotti Garibaldi, son of the famous General Garibaldi, accompanied by a Garibaldian veteran, Colonel Gattarno, has sailed for Greece, where he will take part in the war against the Turks. Several steamers at various places along the Italian coasts are embarking men who have volunteered their services to Greece for the war.

Revolution Threatened at Athens.

LONDON, April 21.—The Rome correspondent of the Pall Mall Gazette telegraphed to his paper this afternoon, saying a despatch had been received there from Athens, expressing fear that, should the Greeks suffer further reverses and the Turks occupy Larissa a revolution will break out at Athens.

LONDON, April 21.—A special despatch from Constantinople this afternoon reiterates the statement that the Turkish forces occupied Tiravo, ten miles northwest of Larissa, yesterday.

Greeks Holding Their Position at Damasia.

ATHENS, April 21.—Advices received here today say that the Greek army occupying Damasia, in Turkish territory, has repulsed all the attacks made upon that place by the Turks, and that the Greeks are maintaining their position in spite of the heavy cannonade to which they have been subjected by the Turkish artillery.

PROBABLY POUGHKEEPSIE.

Likely to be Selected for the Triangular College Race.

NEW LONDON, Conn., April 21.—The regatta committee of the New London Board of Trade is today in receipt of a letter from Chairman Bangs of the Cornell-Columbia-Pennsylvania regatta committee, in reply to one forwarded a few days ago from this city, for information as to the situation in connection with the choice of a course for the intercollegiate boat races. The letter says: "We have not yet reached any conclusion, because, although Poughkeepsie is preferred for its course, there has been some difficulty in securing suitable quarters for the crews. Representatives of Yale and Columbia are to go to Poughkeepsie this week, and if quarters can be obtained it is quite likely that Poughkeepsie will be selected.

Break in a Mississippi Levee.

JACKSON, Miss., April 21.—A despatch to the Associated Press from Greenville says the levee on Promise Land plantation, at Shipland, Issaquena county, broke at 9:30 o'clock this morning. It was eighteen feet high, and back water was already against it.

EPWORTH LEAGUE.

Last evening the Epworth League of the First Methodist Episcopal Church held its closing literary meeting for the winter, two papers, as usual, being read.

Miss Mary F. Leavitt presented a scholarly and critical essay on James Russell Lowell, in the series on the American poets. She referred to him in opening as perhaps as broad and many-sided a literary man as America has produced, and later at length of the varied aspects of his work as a poet. As a satirist he achieved a notable success in the Biglow Papers, which made his reputation in England. Allusion was made to his successes in other departments of literature, and to his public services, especially as minister to the court of St. James.

The second paper related to newspapers and the way they are made, and was by Mr. Charles R. Thurston of Providence, formerly of this city. Some years since Mr. Thurston gave in the Young Men's Christian Association course here a similar talk—for it was a talk rather than a paper—and this was made the basis of last evening's presentation of the subject, with additions made necessary by the changes and developments in newspaper work during the intervening period. The entire process of making a modern newspaper, by editors, reporters, illustrators, compositors, linotype operators, composing room and pressroom employes, and the various others whose work of hand or brain enters into the completed daily paper, was rapidly and interestingly sketched. In illustration of his talk Mr. Thurston showed, among other things, a matrix of a page, illustrations on chalk plates, a completed cut, linotype lines and ordinary type.

During the evening Miss Amelia Fry gave a vocal solo, and Miss Florence Allen rendered a piano selection.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Mr. and Mrs. J. Brooks Fenno (formerly Miss Thorndike) of Boston are at the Muenchinger-King cottage.

—Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt have returned to New York from Washington where they have been spending the winter.

—Contractor Thomas H. Reagan is extensively improving the Coe estate on Dixon street for Mrs. Frank Burns and is also making an addition to James Sullivan's house on Carey street.

—Steam yacht Stella, owned by Mr. Truman Beckwith, is in the harbor. Mr. Beckwith arrived to inspect the improvements being made to his cottage at Renfrew Park, where he is also having a new stable built.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

In the senate yesterday Senator Watson of South Kingstown presented a remonstrance against the passage of an act now pending in amendment of chapter 17 of the General Laws. The act in question is to prohibit the catching of fish by traps in the southern section of the state, and the remonstrants protest that the passage of such a law will take out of the market a good deal of fish and destroy the business by which they gain their livelihood. The remonstrance was referred to the committee on fisheries.

Senator Easton of Pawtucket presented, by request, an act authorizing the use of voting machines in the several cities in the state. A similar bill was introduced last week upon request of the city council of Pawtucket, but which applied only to that city. This latest bill provides for the making of such rules and regulations as may be required in case of adoption of voting machines. Section 2 of the act states that whenever voting machines shall be adopted and used by any city the board of canvassers and registration of said city is authorized and empowered to make all the necessary and proper rules and regulations for the use of said machines, subject to the legal regulations made by the state, and so far as may be practicable, such rules and regulations as govern the present voting system. This act was referred to the committee on judiciary.

In the house Mr. Gray of Providence introduced an act in amendment of chapter 221 of the General Laws, making the supreme court consist of a chief justice and six associate justices. It was referred to the committee on judiciary.

Mr. Higbee introduced an act amending the charter of Weenat Shassit Tribe, No. 6, I. O. R. M., of this city, making the name Weenat Shassit Association. Referred to the committee on education.

Mr. Wetherell introduced an amendment to section 19 of chapter 296 of the General Laws, "Of Militia," granting service medals to the members of the Newport Artillery. It was referred to the committee on militia.

Mr. Rogers introduced a bill for an act incorporating Vasco Guard of Newport, which was referred to the committee on education.

The resolution authorizing Sarah C. Woolsey of Newport to adopt as her child Isabel Redwood Yardley, her niece, was taken from the calendar and passed.

The resolution making an appropriation of $2,500 for leasing and preparing a rifle range for the state militia, which the committee on finance recommended for passage, was also taken up and passed.

Also, an act in amendment of chapter 115 of the General Laws, entitled "Of Wrongs to Children," was taken from the calendar. The act forbids the employment of children under sixteen years of age as mountebanks or freaks or in theatrical performances or other labors, under penalty of a fine of $250 or imprisonment for one year, or both. They are, however, allowed to sing or play in academies or churches and to act as musicians in theatres on permission from the chief of police or the mayor, after twenty-four hours' notice of such entertainment. The committee on special legislation recommended passage, but as through an oversight the act had not been printed, it was held until printed copies could be had.

Mr. Higbee introduced the petition of George H. Norman and others, with an accompanying act, for the incorporating of the Tiverton Water Supply Company. It was referred to the committee on corporations.

STEAMER JOHN INGLIS NO MATCH FOR THE PURITAN.

Steamer John Inglis, the crack propeller of the Portland line and "queen-to-be of the Sound," lost a big slice of her reputation Saturday night when she tried conclusions with the Puritan. The Inglis was launched last fall and was guaranteed to make nineteen knots from dock to dock. It was said she made twenty-one on her trial trip. Twice during the winter she encountered the Plymouth and both times failed to catch her. In fact, the Plymouth made a slight gain in their second brush.

It was claimed that the Inglis was not in the best of shape but in a few months would be ready for the Priscilla and Puritan. She met the latter Saturday night. They came out of New York together, the Puritan jogging along at her regular speed. This did not satisfy the Inglis, and as a challenge she crossed the Puritan's bow. This action aroused somebody's dander, for in a few minutes the Puritan was bounding forward at increased speed. The Inglis, it was plain to see, was doing her level best, and the Puritan was speeded to do better than that. Gradually she cut down the lead, and before they had gone far she was abreast of the Inglis.

In this position they raced along for some time, during which excitement ran high on the Puritan, which was crowded with passengers. Most of them flocked to the rails to witness the grand spectacle and many were unable to restrain their feelings. This was especially so when the Puritan began to draw ahead, and when, at last, she showed her name on her stern to the Inglis, loud cheers were heard in many parts of the side-wheeler. From that point on the Inglis was given more than she bargained for and every mile saw her left farther astern.

Both thrashed along, however, until it was seen that the Inglis cut no more figure, and then the Puritan slowed down. Some idea of the speed she attained may be gained from the fact that she met the Priscilla near the Gull at 11:30 p. m. Usually they meet about 12:20 between Cornfield light and Plum Island. When the Puritan headed for the point the Inglis was passing the Priscilla and was so far behind that her whistle could not be heard. The engineers of the Puritan were delighted not only because they had beaten their rival but because the big boat's engines worked like a charm. Even under increased pressure they ran easily, and at the end of the trip were as cool as if she had never been speeded.—[Fall River Globe.

NAVAL NOTES.

The Senate has confirmed the following nominations: Commodore Montgomery Sicard, to be rear admiral; Captain Albert Kautz, to be commodore, and Lieutenants R. G. Davenport and F. B. Barry to be lieutenant commanders.

Commander John Schouler has been detached from duty as chief of staff of the North Atlantic squadron, and granted two months' leave.

Mr. John H. Merriam, son of ex-Governor Merriam of Minnesota, has been appointed an assistant paymaster in the navy, subject to the usual examination.

Lieutenant Hugh Rodman has been ordered to examination for promotion at Washington.

Arrangements are being made for the trial of the twin-screw gunboats Wheeling and Marietta, built at San Francisco by the Union Iron Works.

NOW IS THE TIME
To build up your system with a good iron tonic.
DR. HURLEY'S IS THE BEST.
THE HUB PHARMACY, 176 Thames St.
E. S. BLUMENKRANZ, Pharmacist.
Telephone.

Nice Native Veal.
EXTRA NICE
BALDWIN and GREENING APPLES.
Fresh Spinach, Lettuce, etc.
POINT MARKET.
T. Gladding & Son, Bridge & Washington Sts.

For Your House Cleaning We Offer a New and Complete Line of
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS
In the latest patterns, at 23c., 30c., 35c., 40c. and 50c. a yard.
500 CURTAIN POLES
In Oak, Cherry and Walnut, at 23c. each.
LACE CURTAINS
from 50c. to $1 per pair.
OPAQUE SHADES,
the regular 35c. kind, at 25c. each.
BRASS CURTAIN RODS
At 10c. each.
TIN, GLASS AND ENAMEL WARE
Of all kinds at lowest prices in the city.
LEVY'S,
76 Broadway.

MILLINERY.
MILLINERY OPENING!
April 8, 9 and 10.
Latest Spring Styles.
A. A. WATSON. 31 CLARKE STREET.

M. E. Tobin,
48 Washington Square,
Opposite State House.
Correct Styles in both Imported and Domestic Creations
Will be displayed
WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY, APRIL 7, 8 and 9.

COAL AND WOOD.
GIVE A TRIAL TO MY
Lyken's Valley Coal
—ALSO—
Fine Red Ash Coals.
All orders filled promptly.
T. SAMWAYS,
107½ Long Wharf.

PLYMOUTH COAL.
Plymouth WHITE ASH STOVE,
Plymouth No. 2 Chestnut.
Plymouth Red Ash Egg.
Wilkesbarre Egg.
FOR SALE BY
GARDINER B. REYNOLDS & CO.
Opposite Postoffice.

Coddington Savings Bank.
Newport, R. I., April 20, 1897.
A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND, at the rate of four per cent per annum, will be paid on and after Wednesday, April 21, 1897.
NATH'L B. SWINBURNE, Treasurer.

Cream Furniture Polish.
Will Remove Stains, Fill Up Scratches and Make Old Furniture Like New.
NO WAX, NO VARNISH, NO TURPENTINE.
Guaranteed not to injure the most highly polished furniture.
20c. A BOTTLE.
WALSH BROTHERS,
222 Thames Street.

Spring Lamb and Peas!
Absolutely the first Island lamb of the season.
Special sale on Saturday of my celebrated Spice Cured Corned Beef. Prices extremely low.
—AT—
ROONEY'S MARKET.

EYE COMFORT.
You may not think your eyes in a condition to make glasses a necessity. In many cases of slight defects, glasses are a luxury, aiding the vision and relieving the strain. A careful examination and honest advice is what I give you, besides adapting the frame to the face for comfort and appearance.
MUELLER,
Scientific Optician, Bellevue Avenue.

Time is Very Precious
Where your sight is concerned. If you have the least trouble with your eyes, delay may prove more serious than you imagine. You can have your eyes examined here without cost to you.
If you do not need glasses we will tell you so.
Wilson, - Optician,
88 BROADWAY.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ECT.
OPERA HOUSE.
Friday Even'g, April 23.
THE GORMANS,
IN THEIR GREATEST SUCCESS,
The Gilhoolys Abroad.
ALL NEW AND UP-TO-DATE.
New Music. New Specialties. New Costumes. New Ideas.
AN EXCELLENT COMPANY.
PRICES—25c., 50c., 75c. and $1. Seats on sale April 22.

SECOND CONCERT!
Y. M. C. A. COURSE
At Masonic Hall,
THURSDAY EVENING, APRIL 22.
Wulf Fries, 'Cello.
John Thomas, Humorist.
Mrs. Alice Bailey Rice, Soprano,
Assisted by the
GOUNOD MALE QUARTETT.
Admission, 50c. Reserved Seats, 75c. Tickets may be exchanged for seats at Masonic Hall from 3 to 5 p. m. on the day of the concert.

BASE BALL,
Freebody Park.
PRACTICE GAMES.
WEDNESDAY, APRIL 21.
Fort Adams.
THURSDAY, APRIL 22,
Volunteers.
FRIDAY, APRIL 23,
Rogers High School.
Admission 10c.
EXHIBITION GAMES.
MONDAY and TUESDAY, APRIL 26 and 27,
Genuine Cuban Giants.
WEDNESDAY, APRIL 28,
Cuban X Giants.
THURSDAY, APRIL 29,
Holy Cross College.
(Only appearance at Newport.
Games called at 4 P. M. Admission 25c; ladies 15c.; grand stand, 10c.

ZABRISKIE MEMORIAL CHURCH,
IN THE GUILD HOUSE,
Thursday Eve'g, April 22, '97.
AT QUARTER AFTER EIGHT,
The Talma Club
In Robertson's Three-Act Comedy,
"HOME."
Admission 25c. Reserved Seats 50c., can be secured on and after April 15 at Van's Music Store, 126 Thames street. Dancing.

INSTRUCTION.
Prof. L. Louis, of Boston,
Organist & Musical Director St. Joseph's Church, Teacher of Piano, Organ, Voice Culture and Singing (Italian Method). Studio, 131 Broadway. Hours, 10 A. M. till 9 P. M.
HARRY K. HOWARD,
Teacher of Violin and Cornet
COR. SPRING AND CHURCH STREETS.
MISS OPITZ,
PIANO TUNING, Piano Instruction and accompanying. Instruction in German, 7 Francis street. References.
EDWARD Y. MASON,
Organist and Musical Director Baptist Temple, Fall River, Mass.
Instruction in Organ, Piano and Harmony (Accompanist.) Applications received by mail, or address Studio, 88 Spring St. Mr. Mason is in Newport Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of each week.
Mr. AUGUSTUS HAZARD SWAN,
Pupil of Signor Augusto Rotoli, Boston, Baritone Soloist and Musical Director United Congregational Church.
Instruction in Vocal Culture.
Italian Method. Residence 11 Central Court.
Alfred C. Langley, A. M.,
PRIVATE TUTOR,
Piano Instruction and Accompanying.
1 School Street. Call from 1:30 to 3 P. M.

ESTABLISHED 1847.
PETER FAERBER,
25 BATH ROAD.
Manufacturer of High Grade
CARBONATED BEVERAGES
—AND—
All Kinds of Mineral Waters.
All goods are manufactured from distilled water. Orders left at Geo. Stanhope's store, 273 Thames street, will also receive prompt attention.

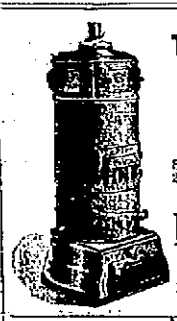
ODORLESS MOTH BAGS

They last for years.
Hooks inside to hang garments without folding.
Air tight.
Absolutely dust proof.
Absolutely moth proof.
No odor about garments.
Articles can be removed and replaced instantly, and used without airing.
Size 24x48, 40c. Size 30x60, 50c.
COME IN AND SEE THEM AT
A. C. LANDERS'S,
167 THAMES STREET.

Music Hall,
248 & 250 THAMES STREET
Dancing and Banquet Halls:
Ample Ante-Rooms with all modern conveniences.
For terms and particulars apply to D. W. Sheehan, Wholesale Wines, Liquors, 18 to 20 Kinsley's wharf.

Coggeshall Farm
EGGS.
LANDERS & PECKHAM,
142 THAMES STREET.

THE TRADES.



The Richmond Hot Water and Steam Heaters
Speak for themselves. Over 250 now in use in Newport.
Barker Bros & Co.
AGENTS,
138 Broadway.

HORSESHOEING, ETC.
HAVING PURCHASED the shop and good will of Mr. Lewis Skinner, on Ferry wharf, I hereby notify the public that I shall carry on the business in connection with my present stand on Commercial wharf. All horseshoeing and jobbing promptly attended to at either place.
J. B. BACHELLER.

GODDARD & BARLOW,
PRACTICAL
Tinsmiths and Metal Workers.
REAR OF 192 THAMES STREET.
Work done at reasonable rates. Tin roofing and general jobbing.

HEATING
Steam AND Hot Water HEATING.
Also Plumbing, Electric Lighting and Gas Piping.
LINCOLN HAMMETT & Co.
71 Mill Street.

W. H. COFFIN,
Carpenter and Builder,
Langley's Wharf, Oppo. P. O.
RESIDENCE 28 BROADWAY.
Jobbing promptly attended to.

SMITH BOSWORTH & CO.
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
Doors, Sash, Blinds, Window Frames, etc.
WEST BROADWAY.

F. A. ALLAN, JR.,
Carpenter and Builder,
JOBBING A SPECIALTY.
Residence, 18 Farewell Street.
SHOP, 7 CALEB EARLE STREET.

Granite AND Marble
J. B. Cottrell,
Stone Worker.
Every description of cemetery stonework in Foreign and American marbles and all New England granites.
Warner Street, opp. Island Cemetery.

T. P. CROWLEY,
Marine Railways.
Shipwright and Spar Maker,
Pile Driving and Dock Building.
NAPHTHA FOR LAUNCHES.
Yards—379 Thames St., and 133 Long Wht
NEWPORT, R. I.

BOSTON HAIR STORE.
Having permanently located my business at
132 Broadway,
I desire a share of public patronage. Ladies will find it to their advantage to call and examine my stock of goods, such as switches, wigs, curls, bangs and puffs, all of the best imported stock. Hair goods made to order. Also ladies' toilet articles in great variety. Special attention paid to dressing, shampooing and cutting ladies' and children's hair and bangs.
MISS F. E. FAYERWEATHER
Ladies' Eclipse Bicycle on Exhibition.

TO BE TAKEN TO DOVER.

Kelley Will be Confined in the Strafford County Jail Till September.

DOVER, N. H., April 21.—When Joseph E. Kelley of Somersworth is brought back to New Hampshire from Canada he will be confined in the Strafford county jail here. He will probably be kept here until September, when the fall term of the supreme court will begin. Kelley will be in charge of Sheriff James E. Hayes. Sheriff Hayes has received no instructions, and it has not been decided in what part of the institution the prisoner will be kept. Extra precautions will be taken to control the crowd upon his arrival here, as it is expected that every available inch of standing room at the depot and vicinity will be occupied by curious thousands. The residents of Dover are as much interested in the tragedy as are the citizens of Somersworth, which is only five miles from this city.

The county jail was built a few years ago, and has held two murderers, Isaac Sawtelle, who was sentenced to be hanged in January, 1891, but who died in jail, for the murder of his brother, Hiram, near Rochester, and McArthur, the notorious horse thief and bigamist, who fatally wounded Sheriff Smith at Barrington, while resisting arrest. He escaped soon after his arrest and has never been recaptured.

TO COST FIVE MILLIONS.

Southern Pacific to Bridge the Mississippi at New Orleans.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 21.—The Southern Pacific Railroad Company is making arrangements to build a bridge to cost $5,000,000 across the Mississippi river at New Orleans. "We have had this expensive undertaking in mind for some time past," said Vice President Fred Crocker. "A bridge company will be incorporated to build and operate it, and the Illinois Central, Texas & Pacific and Louisville & Nashville roads will become members of that company in partnership with the Southern Pacific. It will do away with the transfer by boats of freight and passengers across the Mississippi. The bridge will have double tracks and will cross the river about five miles above New Orleans.

PASSAGE SECURED BY BRIBERY.

Governor Adams of Colorado Vetoes the Oleomargarine Bill.

DENVER, Col., April 21.—Governor Adams has vetoed the bill regulating the manufacture and sale of oleomargarine. The veto message is sensational in the extreme, as the governor includes in his message a letter from a Denver lawyer to an oleomargarine manufacturer in Chicago, showing that the bill was passed by means of the most open and most barefaced bribery in both house and senate. The bill provided that oleomargarine could be sold but that no coloring matter could be used. The governor withholds the names used in the letter, which was written to urge the manufacturer to send $150 as his share of the amount needed to insure the passage of the bill.

Killed by a Landslide.

SPOKANE, Wash., April 21.—A Spokane Review special from Rossland, British Columbia, says that as a result of a landslide near Cheop creek, on the Red Mountain railroad, six men were killed and a number of others seriously injured. The men were employed on the railroad. Twelve of them were asleep in camp when a huge landslide, three hundred feet wide, swept over their camp. The number of injured is not known.

THE RULE OF THE ROAD.

The talk of the many thousands is often turned toward the law of the road, for there is no one who does not make use of roads either to ride, drive or walk upon. For the protection of the traveling public it is necessary that certain rules regulating travel upon the public highways be generally observed.

Our statutes do not require a traveler to keep upon any particular part of the road, nor to turn out in any certain direction, but it is universal custom in this country for vehicles and animals under the charge of man to take the right side of the road when meeting others, if it is reasonably practicable to do so. A team should, in general, keep the right side, whether meeting another or not. Yet, when two are going in the same direction and one wishes to pass the other, he should pass on the left side, as the first team has the right of way and cannot be expected to deviate from his course upon the right side. One passing another must use great care to avoid a collision, as nothing but necessity will warrant him in doing this, for both, going in the same direction, belong upon the right side, and by any deviation from his proper side one assumes all risk of the experiment. The rule must be very strictly observed at night, or when by reason of storm or fog it might be difficult to distinguish others approaching.

A traveler on foot or on horseback must give way to a vehicle, and a lightly loaded team must give way to a heavily loaded one, but a team with a heavy load ought, in certain cases, to stand still so as to allow a lighter vehicle to pass. The driver of a horse must use ordinary care in its management, and is liable for all damage caused by careless driving, and if he leaves his team he must use ordinary care in hitching it, for if a horse left unhitched starts and occasions damage the responsibility rests upon him who neglected to hitch it. But if a team is hitched with ordinary care and is frightened by some unusual occurrence, as by a runaway team running against it, and the team so hitched breaks away and in turn runs and causes damage, no liability rests upon him who carefully hitched his horse.

The movement of sleighs and sleds upon the snow being comparatively noiseless, it is customary to attach bells to them or to the horses, and the want of bells would render the person liable for damage. Bicycles are regarded as vehicles, and are subject to the same rules—they must give way to heavier vehicles, and foot passengers must in turn give way to them. Some state laws require bells to be attached to all bicycles. As no one is obliged to build fences next the highway, the use of which is common to all people who choose to travel upon it, so drivers of cattle and other animals are not responsible for damage by their traveling herds, if reasonable care be exercised in their management.—[Utica Observer.

COLLEGE GIRL SLANG.

College girl slang is not often heard outside of college walls. To outsiders it is chiefly interesting because it gives glimpses of college life. Take the word "prod," for example. As "prod" would scarcely be met with except in the college world, although prodigies might. It is always a question whether a girl who is called a "prod" receives the term in approbation or disgust. There are two sorts of "prods," one receiving the term from pure brilliancy in some particular line, the other for general studiousness. The latter are the most irritating, for they are always ready with answers in recitations, while the brilliant "prod" may be on the ordinary plane of intelligence when out of her particular sphere. She is a "prod" through no fault of her own.

A distinctly woman's collegiate word is "crush," expressing a relationship between two girls hard to define. One girl, generally an underclassman, and usually a freshman, becomes much attached to another girl, ordinarily an upper class girl. The younger girl is "crushed" on the other, sends her flowers, and tries in various ways to give expression to her admiration. The "crush" soon passes over, the admirer finding some flaw in her idol, or else, as is often the case, the "crush" at length loses its youthful sentimentality and settles down into a good friendship.

If, however, before either of these states are reached the object of the "crush" gets weary of the devotion, she resorts to what in college parlance is known as "squelching," the highest form of which is a "d. s.," or "dead squelch." This method, indeed, has often to be employed toward freshmen, whether "crushed" or not, to teach them their proper place. There is an unwritten but well established decree that upper class girls shall always be held as superiors. At the first of the year, for instance, before the entering class is thoroughly at home, it would be a decided breach of etiquette for a freshman to ask a mighty senior or junior to dance. She must wait to be invited. But the freshmen—well, they don't understand all these important points, but a judicious use of the "dead squelch" will teach them a good deal.

In much the same category with slang are the abbreviations rife at college. Literature is always "lit," psychology "psych," dictionary "dic." The abbreviation most in the minds of the girls at present is that dreaded monster, "exams." In the corridors may be heard such questions as, "How many 'exams' have you got?" "Do you think we'll have one in lit?" then, with a gloomy foreboding, "Oh, I'm so afraid I'll flunk." Then the synonyms for hard work come into play, "grind," "dig," and "bone."—[New York Sun.

THE USES OF BEAUTY.

A party of ladies visited a thread factory, where a number of young women worked, and in which marked attention had been given to aesthetic as well as hygienic principles. One of the visitors was much impressed by a broad, beautiful frieze that extended round the spacious, well lighted work room, and remarked somewhat bluntly: "I don't see the use of a frieze like that in a factory. Why do you have it?" The proprietor of the factory, who was acting as their guide, smiled pleasantly. "Well, come to think of it, for a very practical reason," he said. "I find that it makes better thread."

It has been proved that environment has a good deal to do with the quality of work. Beauty is an aid to morality, the handsome, artistic frieze would insensibly tend to make the operative more self-respecting, and her work more conscientious. Also it would tend to refine and inspire her. Human nature is chameleon-like; it has instinctive tendency to harmonize with its surroundings. Then there is the pleasure to be received from beauty. The mental condition affects the work of the hands, as well as that of the brain. Work that is done wholly as a necessary task, lacks the excellence and freedom, no less than the swiftness of execution apparent where some degree of pleasure and interest is felt in the employment. Beautiful accessories enliven the spirits. It is well known that a stimulus to work is cheerfulness.

"A merry heart goes all day long,
A sad heart tires in a mile."

Pretty and artistic furnishings do not necessarily represent a large expense. Paint, a few rolls of well chosen wall paper and judicious taste in the selection of the really artistic, low-priced materials that can be bought in almost any dry goods shop, will transform the most unpromising interiors so as to satisfy even the eyes of a connoisseur.

Children's surroundings have a great deal to do with the forming of their characters. The refining influence of a pretty home, where all the work is done quietly and systematically is not lost upon them. The daughters of such a home are apt to grow up to be dainty and dignified, and it is not likely that the boys of such a household "can be found anywhere but at home."—[New York Observer.

QUEENS WHO SMOKE.

The Empress of Austria smokes from thirty to forty cigarettes a day. The dowager Empress of Russia is a confirmed smoker, but confines her indulgences to her own private apartments, apparently in deference to the feelings of the young czarina, who is opposed to the use of cigarettes, which has become prevalent among women in the best society in St. Petersburg.

The Queen of Roumania, the Queen Regent of Spain, Queen Amelia of Portugal, who in this respect follows the example of her mother, the wife of the Comte de Paris, and the Queen of Italy are all smokers.

In France the association of men and women in all kinds of sports has been the cause of a greater degree of intimacy, and has brought us to accept the cigarette, whose use is extending among young women of the most exclusive circles. Even the most critical no longer protest when two rosy lips send out a few puffs of smoke between a couple of games of tennis. Besides, our grandmothers loved tobacco. The Duchess of Chartres and the Duchess of Bourbon under Louis XIV, even went so far as to smoke pipes; yes, pipes, my dears! And in the "Letters of a Traveler" we read that George Sand always kept tobacco on hand for her own personal use.

In all times Spanish women have smoked, and not only cigarettes, but cigars. Marbot, in his "Memoirs," tells us this without mincing matters. And they smoke in England and in the United States, although in the latter country it is only recently that women have begun to use tobacco. There was a story in "Gil Blas" not long ago to the effect that three young girls in Louisville, Ky., were seen smoking by a policeman and were arrested. The judge, although recognizing that the accused were not conforming to the proprieties, felt bound to release them because they were not violating no law.—[Les Annales.

There is a Class of People

Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all grocery stores a new preparation called GRAIN-O, made of pure grains, that takes the place of coffee. The most delicate stomach receives it without distress, and but few can tell it from coffee. It does not cost over ¼ as much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 15 cts. and 25 cts. per package. Try it. Ask for GRAIN-O.

HOUSEHOLD DECORATIONS.

Hard Floors with Rugs are Still the Most Fashionable.

As the spring approaches the furniture and upholstery sections of the big stores become more and more enchanting. The subject of redecoration has been a favorite one during the long winter evenings, and now that the time draws near to make changes each member of the family is anxious that no mistakes shall be made. How to avoid blunders is the great question with such a wealth of gorgeous materials and artistic furniture to select from. First of all, avoid the bright red and green wall papers, which are so conspicuous. Be sure that these are only a fad, and such a showy one that a reaction will set in perhaps before the papers are dry on the walls, and even if this were not a good reason for passing them by, there is still another, that any such vivid scheme is very difficult to carry out in a room, and one costing a great deal of money.

To avoid mistakes in selecting wall papers, it is a good plan to have a sample roll hung up temporarily in the room for which it is intended, that one may see the effect under existing conditions. If there is to be a new carpet, this should be considered at the same time, and if not, the new paper must be chosen with some reference to the old carpet. Many stores will send home samples, and even whole rolls of carpeting for inspection, which can be kept several days. The walls and floors form the background for the color scheme. Such matters as a wide or low frieze, or no frieze at all may safely be left with the decorator. The empire craze for vivid greens is now very prominent, but in spite of these window styles, there is nothing which gives the general satisfaction that plain cartridge paper gives, or a two-toned tapestry. A few general hints may safely be followed as regards carpets and papers. Thus, if the body of the wall is a light green cartridge, with pinks in the frieze, and woodwork, oak, the carpet may be green and oak colors. A library with terra cotta cartridge on the walls will look well with a plain Wilton velvet carpet, a shade or two deeper than paper. Artists often prefer neutral tones or variations of one color.

The fashionable floor today is one of hardwood, with rugs. Softwood floors in houses meant to be homes are gradually covered with wood carpeting, which can be laid for about the cost of a good brussels carpet. These floors may be plain or decorative, but in either case they present a surface which is absolutely dust and microbe proof. A parquetry border next the wall adds to the room, but if this is too much of an expense the corners may be simply mitred. In Europe, where hardwood floors are the rule, carpets are made into squares for the centre of the rooms. Oriental rugs over a hardwood floor are a great pleasure, but there are also many substitutes. Just now, Dhurrie rugs are among the novelties in favor. These are durable coverings in artistic patterns and desirable colors. The subject is too lengthy to be treated in full with other matters of decoration, but home makers will do well to investigate this new line of rugs.

Mattings were never so beautiful as this season. The colorings are most attractive, while the odd devices add to their charm. Many different patterns are found in a window display, and the prices are varied enough to suit all purses. If a matting is to be used as a substitute for a hardwood floor, say, in a rented house, a plain, deep green will be found a good surface for rugs. For country rooms, with a sunny exposure, the light sage green mattings, with darker green patterns, are admirably suited. For rooms with northern exposure there are warm reddish yellow grounds with darker devices. The combination of colors is more varied than ever before, and the sale of these floor coverings has already been enormous. There is one quality finished with a thread edge, so that the breadths can be sewed together, thus doing away with the necessity of the unsightly matting tacks. This is a new feature, and one worth remembering.

The present popularity of wicker and cane seats or chairs is likely to revolutionize interiors. These pieces are so decorative, yet so comparatively inexpensive, that people living in apartments or small houses welcome them with delight. Moreover, they are easily moved about, which is a point for those eager to lessen housekeeping burdens. Take, for instance, the Recamier settee. It is a three-quarter length couch, with an ornamental back and head section at one end, fitted with an upholstered cushion, the whole length of glazed cretonne in bright red roses or a light ground. As a piece for a bedroom corner or a sitting room, furnished in wicker, this is delightful for $20. Wicker and cane pieces innumerable are shown in ox blood and sealing wax red, in forest green and in the natural color of the rattan, thoroughly shellacked, so that dust will wipe off readily. The Trianon settee is a semi-circular affair in forest green, with a figured liberty velvet seat.

Cosey corners are of such value from a decorative standpoint that they are almost as carefully considered in the building of artistic homes as the windows or mantels. In city houses they are fitted wherever corner space can be spared. The adjustable seats, ready for use are most quaint. One copied from an old Dutch style is in ash, painted forest green, and fitted with a cushion in velvet to match. The back consists of open sections formed by flat slats. Along the top row are hung separate green curtains which are little more than flounces. These silken curtains or frills are a great feature of the modern antiques. Dressing screens are prettily hung with them, as are also wall cabinets. One quaint wall cabinet, costing $50, is a cute combination of open and cupboard sections. The little doors to cupboards are fitted with photos of famous beauties. These photos, framed in dull blue or red velvet, grace the back of writing secretaries and adorn the side panels of screens. Both set in photos and silken frills are quaint features of quaint furniture.

A low wicker settee, with ornamental posts and large enough for a comfortable couch, is another novelty in this popular line of furniture.

Canton cane chairs are summer luxuries, especially designed for country houses. The city shopper cannot resist just one for some cosey room. These chairs are graceful in outline and decorative in colorings. Red and black is an effective combination. There is a variety of shapes, of which Nankin and Kobe are the most common.—[Brooklyn Eagle.

DENTISTS.

IT IS A FACT!

Our Method of Extracting is Perfect

Teeth are extracted without the patient feeling the least pain. Safe in all cases. Fine gold fillings $2 and up. Artificial teeth only of the best materials obtainable. Every set warranted to fit perfectly and look like natural teeth.

DR. M. Y. SIMMONS & CO.,
333 Westminster Street,
PROVIDENCE, R. I.

HOLDEN'S POSITIVE PILE CURE

Never fails. Try it and make life worth the living.
FOR SALE BY
ALL DRUGGISTS,
MANUFACTURED BY THE
Holden Medical Co., Newport, R. I.
Ask for testimonials.

The Prince of Wales

ORDERS

Johann Hoff's Malt Extract

ABERGELDIE CASTLE, ABERDEENSHIRE.

MR. NEWMAN, Agent for Johann Hoff's Malt Extract,
LONDON, E. C.

Please supply three dozen HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT, on account of H. R. H., Prince of Wales. J. CROSS.
By Goods Train to Abergeldie, Ballater, Aberdeenshire.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS

The genuine JOHANN Hoff's Malt Extract makes Flesh and Blood. One dozen bottles of the genuine JOHANN Hoff's Malt Extract will give more strength, and contains more nutritive elements, than one cask of ale or porter, without being intoxicating.
EISNER & MENDELSON CO., Sole Agents, New York.

PROVISIONS.

Early Vegetables,

ASPARAGUS, CELERY, LETTUCE, RADISHES, WATER CRESS, TOMATOES, STRING BEANS, NEW BEETS, DANDELIONS, HORSERADISH ROOT, SPINACH, PIE PLANT, Etc.,
To be obtained at
J. A. & H. H. BARKER,
345 & 348 THAMES STREET.

FANCY CAPONS,

Island Chickens and Fowl.

All Kinds Vegetables fresh from New York Market.

TELEPHONE CONNECTION.

SOUTH SIDE MARKET,
264 Spring Street.

N. B.—If permitted to call for orders, goods will be promptly delivered.

Removal!

MY MEAT MARKET, ON TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 6, AND UNTIL MY NEW BUILDING IS READY, WILL BE LOCATED AT 117 THAMES STREET.

F. B. COGGESHALL.

Well Satisfied

Is what any of my customers will tell you. I can offer no better recommendation.

MEAT, POULTRY, VEGETABLES AND FRUIT AT LOW PRICES.

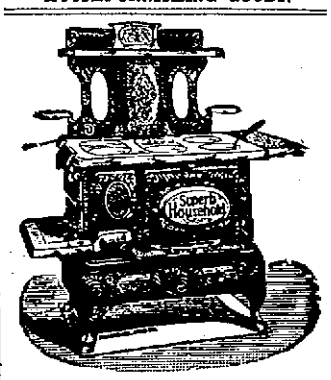
W. L. BARKER,
158 Broadway.

R.I. Turkeys and Ducks,

SWEETBREADS, GAME,
Mushrooms, Tomatoes, String Beans, Radishes, etc.
AT THE
SEA SIDE MARKET,
292 Thames Street.

The Allen Restaurant,
139 THAMES STREET,
Newport, R. I.
MEALS AT ALL HOURS.
OYSTERS, CLAMS, SALADS, BROILED LIVE LOBSTERS, HOME-MADE PIES, BREAD, CAKES and ICE CREAM.
D. B. & J. T. ALLEN, Proprietors.
Telephone connection.

HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS.



I would call the attention of the public to the very large assortment of

Parlor and Cooking Stoves and Ranges

(Probably the largest in this city) comprising various styles ranging in price from $2.50 to $40.
OUR HOUSE SERIES, consisting of a large number of patterns are well worth the trouble of inspection even if you don't purchase, keeping bargain in mind.

JAMES F. MARDEN.

FURNITURE

AND FURNITURE REPAIRING.

John S. Langley,
Funeral Director and Embalmer.

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Office
16 Franklin St.
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at office
and residence.

CARPETS and MATTINGS.

RUGS and ART SQUARES.

BEST QUALITY, LOWEST PRICES. Upholstering in all its branches and mattresses made over, at
J. W. HORTON & CO'S, 42 Church St.
J. W. Horton. F. A. Ward.

The Sanitary Protection Association
OF NEWPORT, R. I.

The association furnishes to its members, at a nominal cost, a skilled examination of their premises to ascertain if the plumbing, drains, etc., are in a good and healthy condition.
For further information apply to
MR. CREIGHTON WITHERS,
Secretary and Consulting Architect.
Telephone connection. 22 Bellevue Avenue

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.

Newport and Narragansett Pier

Cottages for rent for the summer season. Prices range from $100 to $5,000.

FOR SALE.

Cottage on Everett place, suitable for both summer and winter occupancy, for sale at a very low price. Also desirable property on Everett street with lot of over 6,000 square feet of land.

DAVIS, WARD & MACILL,
169 THAMES STREET.

Jamestown, Conanicut Island

Real Estate Office, Canonicus Building,
239 Thames Street, Newport, R. I.,
Within one minute's walk of the Jamestown Ferry.
Also Office Ferry Wharf, Jamestown.

FURNISHED COTTAGES

To rent and for sale. Some of the finest marine building sites on the American coast for sale. Plans, plats and maps at offices.

DANIEL WATSON, Agent.

RENFREW PARK COTTAGES FOR RENT
AT NEWPORT, R. I.

The cottages are delightfully situated by the sea, handsomely furnished and fitted with every modern improvement, located at the east end of the celebrated bathing beach, where there is a private bath house for each cottage. Apply to
RENFREW PARK CO.,
165 Spring street, or to Real Estate Agents.

FOR SALE,
At Less Than Cost.
A Small, Desirable, Well-Built Cottage on Everett Place,
With 6,385 square feet of land. Full particulars of
DeBLOIS & ELDRIDGE.

WM. R. HUNTER & CO.,
Real Estate and Insurance,
57 Bellevue Avenue,
And V. G. HALL & CO., 434 Fifth avenue, N. Y.

Cottages for Rent.

Our regular summer cottage rental list furnished on application.

We offer for rent, four desirable stores on Bellevue avenue. Prices about $400.

FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO
WHIPPLE & SON,
Real Estate and Insurance Agents,
23 BELLEVUE AVENUE.

Furnished Cottages

To Rent for the season of 1897, from $200 to $1,500.
Farms and Building Sites for Sale
ALSO
Improved and Unimproved Properties in any part of Jamestown.
APPLY TO
CHAS. T. KNOWLES,
Bay View House - Jamestown, R. I.

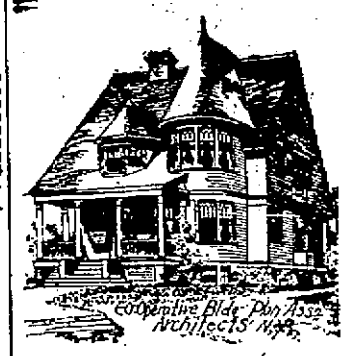
TO LET.

Large House, Bliss Road and Almy Court,

With 2-3 acres of land. Will suit private residence, boarding house or florist. New paper and paint to suit tenant. Low rent.

W. G. PECKHAM, 111 Broadway,
New York City.

GOING TO BUILD?



The popular 50c. books of New Building Designs known as
"SHOPPELL'S MODERN HOUSES,"
this year are brighter and handsomer than ever.

For 50c. (stamps taken) we will send, postage paid, 50 new and popular designs of low and moderate cost residences. Each design handsomely drawn by the best architectural artists in this city, showing how the house will look when built; floor plans showing interior arrangement and sizes of rooms; and the
GUARANTEED COST TO BUILD;
in fact, a full description of each house, so that you can readily select a pleasing design.

Address, mentioning this paper,

The Co-operative Building Plan Ass'n, Architects,
106-108 FULTON STREET,
Established 1877. NEW YORK, N. Y.
12,000 houses erected from our plans in twenty years.

DRY GOODS.

SPECIAL!

Dotted Muslin Curtains,

WITH RUFFLE EDGE,

$1 a Pair.

Wm. B. Sherman, Jr.,

204 Thames Street.

A CARD

Grant Memorial Day

Purchases at
New York's Popular Store
April 19th to May 3rd
Delivered Free 200 Miles

HEARN

West Fourteenth Street
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EVERYTHING IN DRY GOODS

New Dress Goods,
New Lawns,
New Dress Cambrics,
NEW GLOVES,
NEW CAPES,
NEW JACKETS,
New Wrappers,
New Boots and Shoes.
New Lot Canary Birds,

ALL GOOD SINGERS.

Everything New and Choice at

WHITFIELD TUCK DRY GOODS CO.'S.

NEWPORT

Transfer Express Co.

Solicit consignments of Freight.
Piano Moving a Specialty.
The only express checking baggage at residence to destination.
Accessible by Telephone at any and all hours.
PRINCIPAL OFFICE, 30 Bellevue Avenue.
BRANCH OFFICES, 272 Thames Street and New York Freight Depot.
E. B. HARRINGTON,
Treasurer and General Manager.

A VARIETY OF

Unframed Pictures

TO BE CLOSED OUT AT
From five cents to five dollars.
—AT—
C. Banning's, 67 Broadway.

AGENCY FOR BARRETT, NEPHEWS & CO. OLD STATEN ISLAND DYE HOUSE, ESTABLISHED 1819.

LARGE EXHIBITION
—OF—
Plants and Cut Flowers
TOMORROW
At Hass's, 234 Thames St.
ALL ARE WELCOME.

TO CONTROL THE MISSISSIPPI.

Suggestion that the Engineers of the World be Asked to Offer Plans.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—Representative Sayers of Texas, who was chairman of the appropriations committee in the last Democratic Congress and has had much experience in dealing with government works, suggests a plan for a comprehensive settlement of the Mississippi river problem. Mr. Sayers would have the United States government invite the engineers of the world to consider the problem of controlling the Mississippi river and to present plans for a permanent system, so that the government might adopt the ideas of the best engineering talent. For this purpose he suggests that a competition might be brought about by an offer of prizes, perhaps $50,000 for the plan which should be considered best and $25,000 for the second best, inducements sufficient to attract the most skilful engineers of the world, those who have dealt with such works as the Suez canal and the dykes of Holland. Notices of the competition would be published in the principal cities of Europe, in India, Australia, Japan and every other country. Competitors would be instructed to disregard the local interests of cities and to present plans for permanently establishing and controlling the channels of the Mississippi and its suburbs on the basis of the welfare of the entire Mississippi valley. The decision of the competition would be in the hands of a commission of engineers selected from the engineer corps of the army and from civil life.

COLLAPSED IN THE FOURTEENTH ROUND.

"Billy" Vernon Probably Fatally Hurt in a Prize Fight.

PHILADELPHIA, April 21.—"Billy" Vernon, who collapsed in the fourteenth round of his fight with Leslie Pearce, at Athens, Delaware county, last night, was still alive at 8 o'clock this morning, but was unconscious. Five physicians are in attendance, and the chances of his recovery are very slight. Vernon was carried to his dressing room immediately after he became unconscious, and a few minutes later was removed to Lancerch, a small village a short distance from the club. Vernon has not regained consciousness since he was carried from the ring. Jimmy Dime, of Amsterdam, N. Y., one of Vernon's seconds, and Leslie Pearce, were both taken into custody by the sheriff.

FIRE CHIEFS.

Annual Convention of the National Association to Meet in New Haven.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 21.—The twenty-sixth annual convention of the National Fire Chiefs' Association will be held in New Haven, Conn., during the third week of August next. The executive committee of the association, composed of the chiefs of the fire departments of Salt Lake, Omaha, Denver, New Haven, Conn.; Dayton, Ohio; Wyoming, Ohio; and Roanoke, Va., meeting in this city, have agreed upon the time and place and have also decided to request the following chiefs to prepare papers on the subjects named: Chief Sweenie of Chicago, "Fighting Fires in High Buildings;" Chief Dickinson of Cleveland, "Best Method of Handling Coal Oil Fires;" Chief McAleer of Baltimore, "Improvements in Automatic Sprinklers."

SAID TO BE SETTLING.

Port Orchard Dry Dock Sinking Under the Oregon's Weight.

SEATTLE, Wash., April 21.—A rumor that could not be traced to any reliable source was in circulation here yesterday, to the effect that the dry dock at the Port Orchard naval station is settling under the weight of battleship Oregon. The story is to the effect that in a private conversation some of the Oregon's officers concede that the dock is inadequate to accommodate ships like the Oregon. The officers will not, of course, say anything for publication. The difficulty is said to be with the ground formation of the dock, which, it is said, is not hard pan, as it should be. Secretary Long will appoint a commission to examine and report on the condition of the dock while the Oregon is there. Officers are said to have expressed an apprehension that the dock may in course of time become useless, but this is not believed.

Steamer Santo Domingo Probably Proceeded.

NEW YORK, April 21.—Inquiries of the life saving stations along the coast fail to locate steamer Santo Domingo, reported as stopped off Long Branch last evening, showing three black balls in her rigging. It is supposed that her machinery or steering gear became temporarily disarranged and the vessel unmanageable, and that she proceeded on her voyage after making the necessary repairs. There is no vessel ashore.

Yale-Amherst Freshman Game Off.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., April 21.—The management of the Yale Freshman base ball nine, which was scheduled to play with Amherst, 1000, at Amherst today, received word early this morning that the game would have to be cancelled, owing to Amherst's inability to put a team into the field. The Yale youngsters accordingly immediately accepted the proposition recently made for a game with the Bulkeley High School team at New London, and will play there this afternoon.

Rhode Island Pensions.

WASHINGTON, April 21.—Original—George W. Foster, Warren; (special April 13) Peter Bolton, Central Falls. Original, widow's—Mary Keefe, Woonsocket.

Investigating a Railroad Fatality.

WOODSVILLE, N. H., April 21.—The New Hampshire board of railroad commissioners came here last night to give a hearing today upon the circumstances attending the death of Edward L. Putnam of Randolph, Vt., which occurred near here, on the Boston & Maine railroad, several months ago. Hon. H. A. Huse of Montpelier, Vt., appeared in the interest of the family.

THE TURKISH CAPITAL.

Some Scenes and Incidents in Constantinople.

Through an avenue past the huge white marble palace of Dolma-Baghtsche (the residence of the late Sultan Abdul Aziz, and where he was assassinated), we ascended a long gentle slope, on the top of which is the Palace Yildiz, the residence of Sultan Abdul Hamid II., one of the most talked-of sovereigns in the world at this present time. A broad avenue leads up to the arched gateway which pierces the high wall surrounding the palace. On the right of this avenue, about one hundred rods from the gateway, enclosed by an iron fence, is a small park, in the centre of which stands the Hamidieh Mosque, where the ceremony of the Selamlik takes place.

On the right was a large square, into which was now marching regiment after regiment of cavalry—over 4,000 of them, I was told—and as Turkish cavalry carry the long pennoned lance, the flutter of their colors gave these troops an exceedingly gay appearance. Marching directly below our window came the infantry, forming in two ranks on either side of the avenue up to the palace gate and cutting off our approach. These troops, cavalry and infantry—about ten thousand—are a soldierly looking lot of men, well equipped and well disciplined. The cavalry are armed with repeating carbines, revolvers, sabre and lance, and are as well mounted as any troops I have ever seen.

The zouaves are an especially impressive looking body of men, uniformed in red baggy trousers, gaitered shoes, zouave jacket and a green twisted roll about the crimson fez. The marching and general bearing and appearance of these men were those of superb fighters. These are the pet troops and especial reliance of the sultan, to whom they are said to be devoted.

The lines at the foot of the avenue opened, and a long string of carts, loaded with fresh, clean sand, accompanied by scores of men with shovels, hustled up the middle of the avenue, and in a few minutes the entire avenue, from curb to curb, from the palace gate to the door of the mosque, was spread with a thin coat of yellow sand, which had been brought from Asia—because his sacred majesty must not pass over, still less step on, ordinary earth.

The carts and the shovelers disappeared. A band of 1 judge about one hundred Crimeans, in flowing robes and huge turbans, were admitted, and disappeared within the mosque. A knot of women made a white spot in the picture, as, with their wraps drawn closely over their heads they were gathered just back of the lines down by the cavalry. And as a background to all this brilliant scene, stretched the undulating mass of the great city and the glistening waters of the Sea of Marmora, and the blue sky and sunlight of the Orient was over all.

A great hush succeeded the bustle of the past hour, a hush that was broken by the voice of the white-turbaned priest high up in the minaret—"the muezzin," calling the faithful to prayer.

"Attention!" The troops braced up. From the palace gateway emerges two lines of gorgeously uniformed officers, marching in front of two closed carriages, containing the mother of the sultan and three of his wives, immediately behind which stalked a gigantic black—the chief eunuch.

The great iron gates swung open. The carriages, with their escort, passed into the park and halted at the left, where the horses were unharnessed, and the carriages with their fair occupants guarded by the eunuch, remained until the ceremony was over.

Then came a gorgeous group. The three princes in full uniform, their breasts covered with jewelled orders (the eldest about eighteen, the youngest about twelve years old), accompanied by a brilliant staff, marched down the gentle incline, and mounting a superb lot of waiting horses, took a position directly below our window. All eyes were now on the palace gate—a hush of expectancy was over all. The signal came, a band struck up, the troops presented arms; a glittering array of perhaps one hundred official dignitaries, bestarred and bemedalled as though each were a crown prince, marched out.

Then there appeared under the arch a gilded carriage, and at that instant, like the discharge of a cannon, there rose (as if from the throat of one man) from the 10,000 waiting soldiery a great hoarse shout (which sounded like a single word), "God save the Sultan!" The effect was thrillingly superb, as it rang out short, sharp and clear.

The monarch who held balanced on his finger tip the individual life and fortunes of not only each man of the waiting soldiery—but of every other from his grand vizier down to his simplest subject—the monarch whose spoken word is absolute law—and whether it grants possession of a marble palace on the shores of the Bosphorus, or a bowstring, the recipient knows the "Irade" will be fulfilled within the hour—the sultan of Turkey, the "Sick-man-of-the-East," was before us.

The procession came swinging down over the damp, yellow sand past the kiosk. Again came the hoarse shout which made one's blood tingle.

The sultan, accompanied by his grand vizier, in an open landau drawn by a pair of bay horses, was dressed in a simple uniform, and the universal crimson fez. In appearance a man of about fifty years, not over medium height, rather slight, with a swarthy complexion and wearing a full beard. He reminded me forcibly of the late Mr. Jay Gould as I last saw him. The same sharp, shrewd, piercing eyes, the same care-worn expression. Surrounding and following his carriage was another throng of gorgeously attired officials. While behind them came an empty phaeton drawn by two marvels of pure-white Arabian horseflesh, and behind this came about a dozen elaborately caparisoned led saddle horses, the whole making a pageant of barbaric splendor.

The carriage stopping at his private entrance to the mosque, the sultan stepped out upon the crimson carpet and faced about. Once more that mighty hail which the monarch acknowledged by a salute, then turning disappeared within the mosque where no Christian foot might follow.

The princes dismounted and followed by the glittering throng passed in through the great central doorway.—[Letter to Boston Transcript.

NOTABLE ANNIVERSARIES.

April 21.

323—Alexander the Great died.
1142—Pierre Abelard, famous unfortunate French scholar and reformer, died; born 1079.
1699—Jean Racine, French dramatic poet, died; born 1639.
1782—Frederick Froebel, originator of the kindergarten system, born; died 1852.
1783—Bishop Heber, author of "From Greenland's Icy Mountains," born; died 1826.
1836—Battle of San Jacinto; defeat and frightful slaughter by Texans under Sam Houston; Santa Anna captured and Texan independence secured.
1879—General John Adams Dix died in New York city; born 1798.
1884—Ex-Governor William B. Daniels of Idaho died at Tacoma; born 1818. Ex-Governor James W. Throckmorton of Texas died at McKinney; born 1824.
1895—Paul Fenimore Cooper, son of the novelist, died in Albany; born 1825.
1896—M. Jean Baptiste Leon Say, celebrated French statesman, died in Paris; born 1826.

CRESCENT BICYCLES

Perfection

Crescent Bicycles give rare cycling pleasure. Crescent Tandems double it, adding companionship, dividing work.

Tandems

Crescent Tandems are properly built in every way. Strong, rigid, with many improvements that add to their riders' satisfaction.

The Crescent Tandem with elevated rear seat is in special favor. $125. Other Crescent Tandems are $100.

'97 Name Plate

Western Wheel Works
Chicago, New York.
Catalogue free.
Agents everywhere.

GROCERIES.

ESTABLISHED 1814.

NEW

Maple Sugar and Sap Syrup.

P. E. SHARPLESS PHILA. BUTTER,
Retail price 60c.
None better—made in Philadelphia.

Lovers of Good Coffee or Tea will find the very best
AT THE STORE OF
C. SHERMAN & CO.,
243 & 245 Thames Street.
Open Fridays until 8 P. M., Saturdays 9 P. M., all other evenings until 6:30 o'clock.

FINE BUTTER.

We are now receiving our Fancy Northern Creamery fresh from the churn twice a week. This Butter is Gilt Edge in every sense of the word, and will suit the most particular.
We are in the butter business, and good butter is one of our hobbies.

TAKE NOTICE---We do not handle Oleomargarine, Butterine or bogus butter of any kind.

—AT—

The Boston Grocery,
SMITH'S BUILDING, BROADWAY,
O. F. WILCOX, Prop'r.

HERRING ON A STICK.

Just arrived, this morning, a lot of

Smoked Herring

—FROM—

TAUNTON RIVER.

PHIL. STEVENS,
48 & 50 Thames Street.

GROCERIES.

St. Petersburg Co's

COCOA and CHOCOLATE.

—ALSO—

Chocolate Confections, and Acidulated Raspberries
IN GLASS JARS.

Peckham & Manchester,
BROADWAY.

45c.

ARRIVED TODAY,

Carload of Choice

WHITE STAR POTATOES

—AT—

45c.

Per Bushel.

JAMES A. EDDY,
Cash Grocery and Market,
250 THAMES ST.

WE DEFY COMPETITION!

Compare Our Prices.

D. E. Young,
130 THAMES STREET.

Beans, York State, 4c. quart.
Finest of Rolled Oats, 9 lbs. 25c.
Good Eggs, 7 doz. for $1.00
Scrub Brushes, 10c. each.
Brooms, 15c. each.
3 Tins Salmon, 25c.
Peas and Corn, 6c. can.
3 lbs. Jam, in stone crocks, 25c
No. 2 Mackerel, 4 for 25c.
Best Soda Crackers, 4 1-2 lbs. 25c.

—FOR—

FRESH MEATS

Our prices are the lowest in the city.

New Goods.
Dresden Umbrella Handles.
All kinds of silk and gloria for coverings, from 75c to $4. New umbrellas for sale or made to order. Second-hand furniture bought and sold.
ROCCO BARONE, LOCKSMITH,
12 MARKET SQUARE.

The Perfume of Violets
The purity of the lily, the glow of the rose, and the flush of Hebe combine in PORSONI'S wondrous Powder.

TRAVELERS' DIRECTORY.

Providence, Fall River & Newport Steamboat Co.,

LEAVE NEWPORT FOR

PROVIDENCE

Week days, 8 A. M. (Sundays 8 A. M.) Leave Providence week days, 4 P. M. (Sundays 6 P. M.) Mondays and Saturdays only, stop at Prudence each way. Stop at Conanicut Mondays only, each way.
Excursion Tickets, only 90c.
Passengers who wish may have breakfast served in the dining room on the steamer after leaving Newport (8 A. M.).
ARTHUR H. WATSON,
President and General Manager.

NEW YORK, NEW HAVEN & HARTFORD RAILROAD.
Old Colony System.

Time tables showing local and through train service between all stations may be obtained at all ticket offices of this company.
On and after Sunday, January 17, 1897, trains will leave NEWPORT for BOSTON, Park square, week days, 7:00, 8:20, 11:00 a. m., 1:00, 3:00, 5:00 p. m. Return, 6:45, 8:45, 10:45 a. m., 12:45, 3:45, 4:45, 8:00, p. m. MIDDLETOWN, PORTSMOUTH GROVE and PORTSMOUTH, 7:00, 11:00, a. m., 1:00, 3:00, 5:00 p. m. BRISTOL FERRY, TIVERTON, FALL RIVER and TAUNTON, 7:00, 8:20, 11:00 a. m., 1:00, 3:00, 5:00 p. m. MIDDLEBORO, 8:20, 11:00, a. m., 3:00, 5:00 p. m. CAPE COD, 11:00 a. m., 3:00 p. m. PLYMOUTH, 11:00 a. m., 3:00 p. m. NEW BEDFORD, 8:20, 11:00 a. m., 3:00, 5:00 p. m. FITCHBURG and STATIONS ON NORTHERN DIVISION, 11:00 a. m., 3:00 p. m. LOWELL, 11:00 a. m., 3:00 p. m. COTTAGE CITY, OAK BLUFFS and VINEYARD HAVEN, 11:00 a. m. PROVIDENCE, 7:00, 8:20, 11:00 a. m., 1:00, 3:00, 5:00 p. m. Return 7:30, 9:50, 11:30 a. m., 1:30, 4:15, 5:30, 8:50 p. m.
SUNDAYS, for BOSTON, Park square, 11:00 a. m., 7:00 p. m., return 4:30 a. m., 12:28 p. m. For PROVIDENCE, 11:00 a. m., 7:00 p. m., return, 1:30 p. m. For MIDDLETOWN, PORTSMOUTH GROVE, PORTSMOUTH, BRISTOL FERRY, TIVERTON, FALL RIVER, SOMERSET, DIGHTON, NORTH DIGHTON, WEIR VILLAGE, and TAUNTON, 11:00 a. m., 7:00 p. m. NEW BEDFORD 11:00 a. m.
aBoat from Fall River.
A. C. KENDALL, Gen'l Pass. Agent, Boston.
E. G. ALLEN, Gen'l Supt., Boston.
J. H. JORDAN, Agent, Newport, R. I.

FALL RIVER LINE.
For New York, the South and West.

Steamers PRISCILLA and PURITAN in commission. An orchestra on each.
Leave Newport, week days and Sundays at 9:15 P. M. Due New York 7:00 A. M.
Returning from New York, Steamers leave Pier 18, N. R., foot of Murray St., week days and Sundays at 5:00 P. M. (5:30 P. M. commencing April 25). Eastward steamers touch at Newport every morning, remaining here until 3:15 before proceeding to Fall River.
For tickets and staterooms apply at New York and Boston Despatch Express office, 272 Thames street, J. I. Greene, Ticket Agent.
GEO. L. CONNOR, Passenger Traffic Manager.
O. H. TAYLOR, General Passenger Agent.
J. H. JORDAN, Agent, Newport, R. I.

For Block Island.

Steamer Geo. W. Danielson, Captain Conley, will leave Commercial wharf, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 12:30 P. M. Returning, leave Block Island Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 8:30 A. M., weather permitting.

Jamestown and Newport Ferry Co.

On and after October 1, 1896, steamer Beavertail will run as follows:

LEAVE JAMESTOWN.	LEAVE NEWPORT.
6:20 A. M.	6:45 A. M.
8:15 "	9:30 "
10:30 "	11:45 "
1:00 P. M.	1:30 P. M.
2:00 "	2:45 "
3:30 "	4:30 "
5:00 "	5:30 "
6:00 "	*6:30 "
SUNDAYS.	
9:15 A. M.	10:15 A. M.
4:00 P. M.	4:30 P. M.

*Or upon arrival of Providence boat.

Newport & Wickford Railroad and Steamboat Co.
"The Wickford Route." Nov. 1, 1896.

LEAVE	A M	P M	P M	P M
Newport,	10 00	1 20	4 20	**7 40
Providence, arr.	11 57	3 21	6 15	9 50
Boston, arr.	1 15	4 30	7 25	11 00
New York, arr.	4 20	7 32	11 00	11
	P M	P M	P M	P M
LEAVE	Night	A M	A M	P M
New York,	*12 03	5 01	10 03	1 03
Boston,	.....	10 03	1 03	8 45
Providence,	6 40	11 03	2 03	5 00
Newport, arr.	8 35	1 00	4 00	7 00
	A M	P M	P M	P M

*Via Providence except Saturdays.
‡ Washington Express due Harlem River Station, N. Y., 2:15 a. m.; Philadelphia, 5:10 a. m.; Baltimore, 9:37 a. m.; Washington, 10:42 a. m.
** Through train between Wickford Junction, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington without change.
For tickets and drawing room chairs apply on Steamer General, Commercial wharf, or at the Transfer Co.'s office, 30 Bellevue avenue.
O. U. COFFIN, Agent, Newport.

Muenchinger-King Cottage
NEWPORT, R. I.
Families or private parties, transient or permanent, accommodated at the above cottage, opposite Newport Reading Room.
BELLEVUE AVENUE.

KINZLER'S HOTEL,
10 BELLEVUE AVENUE,
Open all the Year.

NASON COTTAGE,
26 MILL STREET. Open all the year round. Permanent or Transient Board, First Class. Reasonable Rates. GEO. NASON, Proprietor.

The Riggs Cottages,
ON CATHERINE STREET,
Are Now Open for the Season.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

AMERICAN LINE.
NEW YORK—SOUTHAMPTON— (London—Paris)
TWIN SCREW U. S. MAIL STEAMSHIPS,
Sailing every Wednesday at 10 A. M.
Paris.....April 28 | Paris.....May 12
St. Paul.....May 5 | St. Paul.....May 26
St. Louis.....May 12 | St. Louis.....June 2
RED STAR LINE.
NEW YORK TO ANTWERP,
Sailing every Wednesday.
Westernl'd, April 28, noon | Friesland...May 19, noon
Southwark, May 5, 7 A. M. | Kensington, May 26, 1 P. M.
Noordland, May 12, noon | Westernl'd, June 2, noon.
INTERNATIONAL NAVIGATION COMPANY,
Pier 14, N. River. Office, 6 Bowling Green, N. Y.

BOSTON & PHILADELPHIA STEAMSHIP CO.,
FROM
Fall River to Philadelphia Direct
Every Wednesday and Saturday
At 6 P. M., connecting at Philadelphia with all rail and water lines to the south and west. Close connection made with all points on the N. Y., N. H. Railroad & H. R. R.
Quick Despatch. Prompt Delivery.
Mark goods WINSOR LINE.
For rates and other information apply to
J. H. JORDAN, Agent N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R.
or to H. J. Jernegan, Agent,
Derrick Wharf, Fall River.
E. B. SAMPSON, Gen'l Manager, Boston, Mass.

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Smiles by his cheerful fire and round surveys
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On and after this date our store will be open until 9 o'clock evenings.

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TIVERTON'S WATER WORKS.

Two Applications for Charters Before the Secretary of State.

It looks as though Tiverton would have a superabundance of water work talent, for applications have been made to the secretary of state for two charters for two distinct companies to give the town a water supply. One is made by George H. Norman, G. Norman Weaver and G. H. Norman, Jr., for the Tiverton Water Supply Company, for supplying water to Little Compton, Tiverton, Portsmouth, Middletown and Newport. The other is by H. A. Dubuque and others of Fall River who are also desirous of supplying Tiverton, probably because of its propinquity to Fall River.

It seems to be the natural tendency now to have water supplies in country towns as well as in compact cities, and Tiverton, having established a police force, felt the need of a water supply. There were several schemes for furnishing such a supply, the town being made up of various styles of land, high and low. Mr. Norman has been looking over the land and has had a number of conferences with Captain Daniel Church and others and has finally briefly outlined a plan for a water works which can supply both Tiverton and Little Compton, and be an auxiliary to the Newport works, and supply the island towns on the east side.

As far as is known the Fall River parties care only for Tiverton, and possibly more for the franchise than to do the work, but little is known about them here. Mr. Norman's plan is quite comprehensive and would seem first to cover too large a field, but the Newport water works now cover a very large field, nearly if not quite as large as the proposed work. It is evident that Tiverton, and probably after Tiverton, Little Compton will soon want water supplies and this scheme of Mr. Norman's covers the entire field in Newport county, outside of Block Island, not already covered by his water work systems.

THE Y. M. C. A. CONCERT.

The second entertainment in the course of the Young Men's Christian Association will take place tomorow evening, when the participants in the concert will be Mr. Wulf Fries, the well known violoncello soloist; Mrs. Alice Bates Rice, a popular Boston vocalist; the Gounod quartet of this city, with readings by Mr. John Thomas, a humorist who has made many friends here on former appearances in concerts in other years. The program is as follows:

Quartet, March, — Gribel
Gounod Quartet.
Peculiar People: "In Society."—"In Debate," — John Thomas.
Religioso and Rondo Militair, — Servais
Wulf Fries.
Polonaise, "Mignon," — A. Thomas
Mrs. Alice Bates Rice.
Five Women in a Street Car, — Clayton
Mr. Thomas.
Quintet, "Hie Thee Shallop," Quartet, assisted by Mrs. Rice.
a. Cradle Song. — Afferni
b. Vito, Spanish Dance, — Popper
Mr. Fries.
Song of Love, — Beach
Mrs. Rice.
Peculiar People: "In Love."—"In Trouble." Mr. Thomas.
Quartet, "Good Night," — Buck

RENOVATIONS TO THE CENTRAL BAPTIST SUNDAY SCHOOL ROOMS.

The Ladies' Benevolent Society of the Central Baptist Church, of which Mrs. Harwood Read is president, has just had completed repairs and improvements to the chapel or Sunday school room of the church and the adjacent rooms used for various purposes. The floor of the large room was renewed, the walls and ceiling painted a neutral shade of yellow, the furniture renovated, new carpets laid and the general appearance of the place made as bright and cheerful as ever. Similar work was done in the other rooms which, however, did not need floors, and the matting was extended to the door. The work was completed in time to have the renovated rooms used for the first time on Easter Sunday, when everybody felt very well pleased with the changes.

INSTALLATION OF REV. MR. WALLACE AT EAST SOMERVILLE.

Rev. Robert W. Wallace, formerly pastor of the United Congregational Church of this city, was last evening installed pastor of the Franklin Street Congregational Church, East Somerville, Mass. The evangelical council convened in the afternoon and the installation services were held in the evening at 7:30 o'clock. The program was as follows: "Relation of the Community to the Church," by Hon. J. M. W. Hall, ex-mayor of Cambridge; "Relation of the Church to the Community," by Rev. Charles L. Noyes of Somerville; "Relation of the Church to Its Young People," by Rev. Orville Coats of Somerville; "Relation of the Church to the Pastor," by Rev. E. S. Tead of Somerville; scripture and installing prayer, by Rev. H. H. Leavitt of Somerville; "The Pastor's Privilege and Responsibility," by Rev. S. C. Bushnell of Arlington; "The Supreme Aid of Church and Pastor," by Rev. W. H. Davis of Newton.

Rev. Mr. Wallace has already commenced his duties with his new church.

BEET SUGAR FARMING.

The Agricultural Department Distributing Seed in Available Territory.

The Department of Agriculture is now hustly engaged in sending out beet seed to be tried by farmers of the country, to see if their land is adapted for growing beets containing saccharine matter, to make the industry profitable on their farms.

All the seeds distributed by the department have been imported, over half of the quantity on hand having been presented for distributing by Henry T. Oxnard of Nebraska. The balance of the seed was purchased by the department. The entire quantity distributed is about five tons, and farmers applying for them are given from one-half pound to two pounds each with which to experiment. Quotas of seed for distribution throughout the states were sent to experimental stations in Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Missouri, Nebraska, New York, Oklahoma, Utah, Wyoming, Arizona, Kansas, Iowa, Wisconsin, Colorado, South Dakota, Idaho, Pennsylvania, and New Mexico. All applications for seed coming to the department from these states are referred to the experiment station within the state, where the order is filled. Orders from other states are filled directly by the department here.

The department does not recommend the planting of seed in hilly and rocky soil, but suggests a light, sandy loam, fairly rich, as likely to give the best results, and as a rule it is not believed that warm climates will be favorable to the growing of beets. Farmers are recommended to select twenty-five pounds of the product of their cultivation and send the same to their state experiment station, where they will be tested. If they yield more than 12 per cent of saccharine matter their cultivation will be regarded as profitable, but if they analyze below that standard, the farmers will be advised not to attempt to cultivate the beets on their ground.

This work of experiment is for the purpose of determining in what localities it will be profitable to locate plants for receiving the beets and extracting the saccharine matter from them. Capitalists are now ready to establish such plants in any location where it is shown that beets can be grown with a sufficient yield of sweets to make the industry profitable. The further development of the culture of beets among the farmers will be secured after the factory is established, as it is believed that when once it is shown that a certain section of country will support such an industry profitably there will be no difficulty in inducing the farmers to take hold of it.

At present there is a great deal of enthusiasm in the experiment stations and among farmers of the country, especially in the northwest. In Missouri a very special effort is being made by agriculturalists to thoroughly establish the beet industry. The time for planting is now at hand, and it is said at the Department of Agriculture that perhaps never in the history of that institution was there so much enthusiasm over an effort to establish a new industry for the farmers of the country as is now being shown. Thousands of farmers will this spring determine whether their land is suitable for beet culture, and if it is shown to be so it is believed that they will readily plant beets as soon as there is a factory conveniently located to receive them. It is said that the prevailing hard times among the farmers is an additional reason why they should show the enthusiasm that is being developed, because it promises them an additional income.

Not only does this industry bring prosperity to the farmers, but it is extremely desirable, as it will distribute many thousands of dollars in the iron and building trades, as each plant will represent an expenditure of $200,000. The farmers are being told that not only will they receive this additional income from the culture of their beets, but that all farmers living in the neighborhood of plants that are to be established will have the advantage of an additional demand for their products, which will result from the large number of employes of the plant near them.

Virginia and Maryland are among the most southern states that are regarded as giving great hope for the culture of beets for sugar. People in either of these states who wish to see what their land will yield can get a quota of beet seed by sending to the Agricultural Department.—[Washington Star.

MIDDLETOWN.

[Regular correspondence of the News].

Mr. Alfred Carr is having an iron rail fence built along the front of his property on Green End road.

The Methodist parsonage has undergone extensive repairs within, the house being papered and painted throughout.

Mrs. James T. Peckham is confined to her home by illness.

A number of persons from this town attended the entertainment given by Mr. and Mrs. John Eldredge and their pupils at the Portsmouth town hall last evening.

The thermometer stood at 24 degrees above zero yesterday morning, and this morning at 22 above.

OLD DANCES TO BE REVIVED.

There is a craze at present for a return to the past. There is a modern mania for recrudescences. Novelty is sought in resuscitation of the old. Libraries and museums are ransacked, the dust is shaken from public and private archives; countries far and near are explored, and all for the sake of bringing back to light some ancient fad, some art or diversion or fashion which our ancestors had abandoned. And so it is quite in keeping that there should be a revival of the dances of a century ago. France is taking the lead. It is high time that she should. The dance is one of the most ancient, most universal and most delightful of human arts. It is well nigh coeval with the race. Yet it does not steadily improve with age. It has its periods of decadence and degeneration. Such a period is upon us now. With rare exceptions the dances of society are mere incoherent leaps and jumps, with neither character nor grace. As to the stage dances, they are becoming more and more mere acrobatic exercises. Strength and audacity rather than suppleness and intelligence are the demands made upon the legs, while the arms are too often reduced to the mechanical functions of a balancing pole to keep the dancer in equilibrium while performing his "feats."

The exact contrary should be sought to justify the best and highest definition of the dance, which should be an aggregation of attitudes and movements meant to express sentiment and passion. A reaction against this decadence is called for. The public taste seems to be in favor of such a reaction. For several years past it has been encouraging the attempts which have been made in this line. It has applauded and upheld the renaissance of the minuet, the gavotte, the chaconne, the passe-pied, the gallierdo, the courante, the pavane, the sarabande and other terpsichorean delights of our forefathers.

Among the most earnest leaders of the new movement is Mlle. Laura Fonta, formerly one of the most brilliant stars of the Paris opera, who in leaving the stage has not deserted her art. A dancer of the good old school, she has preserved, and she now teaches, those traditions of "style" which she herself has so successfully exemplified. She prefers character to acrobaticism and expression to tour de force. Now style, character, expression are the earmarks of those old time dances which she has done so much to bring back into vogue.

Twenty years ago, even before she left the stage, Mlle. Fonta commenced her worthy campaign at Count Osmond's house. She soon became the indispensable organizer of all diversions of this sort. M. Bardoux, when the Minister of Public Instruction; M. Gambetta, when President of the Chamber; the Countess of Ferrorays, and the Theatre Francais in the production of such plays as "The Bourgeois Gentilhomme," "Oedipus Rex," etc., availed themselves of her services.

But her most remarkable, her most wonderful creation dates from 1881, when she collaborated with M. Bourgault-Ducoudray in the reconstruction of the Greek dances from the popular melodies which the learned musician brought with him from a mission to Greece and the Orient. Assisted by her sister, Mlle. Augustine Fonta, she arranged in marvellous fashion at the studio of the painter Areos a dance called "The Canephores," or basket bearers, whose action was set and cadenced, not to a musical rhythm, but to the recitation of Greek verses by M. Emile Legrand, the Hellenist.

In short, she is looked upon as an authority in these matters. M. Bourgault-Ducoudray was glad to call in the aid of such a collaborator at the Bodiniere to aid in his project of exhibiting the ancient dances, "in their relations to musical expression."

It is not merely an agreeable but also an instructive afternoon that the professor of the Conservatory is aiming to offer in these spectacles, which are now occupying the attention of the French public.—[New York Herald.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Mr. S. B. Brewster has gone to Brunswick, Me.

—Mr. George F. Cozzens is here from Harvard College.

—Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Wood have returned from a visit to Providence.

—There was another light coating of ice on the water this morning.

—Mr. G. C. Hall, private secretary of Hon. Perry Belmont, is in town.

—Mr. Henry Alger of Pennsylvania is visiting his family in this city.

—The parochial schools re-opened this morning after the Easter recess.

—Miss Mary L. Davis will sail from New York on the Fulda Saturday for Italy.

—The family of Mr. C. C. Baldwin of New York have arrived at "Chateau Nooga."

—Mrs. Seth B. Stitt of Philadelphia arrived last night and is at Mrs. Wilbur's, Pelham street.

—DeBlois & Eldridge have rented for Mr. Edward Hill his cottage on the southerly side of Narragansett avenue to Mr. J. R. Johnson.

—Arrivals at the Perry House include S. S. Kaufman, Pittsburg; J. Gardiner, New York; B. F. Hatch, S. D. Thayer, B. J. Shafer, Boston.

—Torpedo boat Stiletto and tug Leyden left here yesterday for New London, and will take part in the speed trial of gunboat Annapolis in Long Island sound tomorrow.

—Mr. and Mrs. John R. Drexel arrived here today on steam yacht Sultana, which is at anchor in Brenton's cove. They will inspect the improvements which are being made to their villa on Ochre Point.

—Miss Isabella C. Elliott is critically ill at the home of her sister in Alleghany, Penn., whither she went some time ago, hoping for improved health. Miss Elliott's brother, Mr. William C. Elliott, is now with her.

—John H. Nelson and Mary Ann Nelson have sold to Andrew Hansen the lot, with buildings thereon, bounded north, 43 feet, on Stockholm street; east, 68 feet, on land of Johanna Corbett; south on lands of John Kelley and Bridget A. Finn and west on land of T. D. Sullivan.

—Mr. Theodore A. Havemeyer, who returned last week from an extended trip through the South, is confined to his home in New York with a severe cold. Dr. Clement Cleveland, who is attending him, says his patient's illness is not serious, and he will be able to do business in a few days.

It's not so much what a girl knows as how she learned it.—[Life.

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Sauce Pans (cov.) at 34c., 44c., 63c., 67 and 78c. each.
Sauce Pans (uncovered) at 12c., 14c., 17c., 20 and 23c. each.
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THE STAND BY, by E. P. Hole.
THE LANDLORD AT LION'S HEAD, by Howells.
HOW TO TELL A STORY, by Mark Twain.
PAUL, A HERALD OF THE CROSS, by Author of Ben Hur.
CUBA IN WAR TIME, by Richard Harding Davis.
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TALKS TO YOUNG WOMEN, by C. N. Parkhurst.
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PRISONERS OF CONSCIENCE, by Amelia E. Barr.
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